# DAV UNIVERSITY JALANDHAR



## FACULTY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

## **COURSE CURRICULUM**

FOR

M.Sc. Ag. (Genetics & Plant Breeding) 1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER Examinations 2023-24 session onwards

**Applicable for admissions in 2023** 

## Vision of the Department:

Develop human resource to be able to cater to the needs of stakeholders in academia, industry and public/private sector for achieving livelihood security through sustainable agriculture.

## **Mission of the Department:**

- Developing excellence in agriculture education and emerging as leader
- Imparting education to foster inter- disciplinary approach for sustainable agriculture
- Training manpower for upcoming challenges in agriculture with an aim at resource conservation and enhancing farm income

## **Programme Educational Objectives**

- **PEO 1** Enhance the students' understanding of plant breeding and genetics principles and enable them to apply this knowledge to solve real world problems in crop improvement.
- **PEO 2** Develop practical and research skills in plant breeding and genetics to design and conduct experiments, analyze data and interpret results.
- **PEO 3** Foster critical thinking, problem-solving, and decision-making abilities to develop human resource to take informed decisions in plant science context.
- **PEO 4** Encourage interdisciplinary collaboration and professional development to make students understand the importance of ethics, sustainability and global food security in their work.
- Instructional Methods: Power point presentation Chalk and Board Smart board Lectures Assignments, quiz Group tasks, student's presentations
- Name of the Programme:
   M. Sc. Agriculture (Genetics & Plant Breeding)

## \* Key Facts & Figures (about the Programme)

- Type: Masters
- o Degree: M. Sc. Agriculture (Genetics & Plant Breeding)
- Eligibility: B.Sc. (Agriculture /Horticulture with a minimum CGPA of 6.50 in 10 point scale, 3.25 in 5 point scale or 2.60 in 4 point scale (60% marks if CGPA is not given). For SC/ST candidates, a minimum CGPA of 5.50 in 10 point scale, 2.75 in 5 point scale or 2.20 in 4 point scale (50% marks where CGPA is not given)
- Mode of study: Full-time
- Medium of Instruction: English
- $\circ$  Credit Points: 40 + 30

- o Location: DAV University Campus
- Start date: July-August

#### **\*** Overview of the Programme

A master's degree in Genetics and Plant Breeding is a two-year postgraduate study in agriculture. Genetics and Plant Breeding is a rapidly growing field of contemporary biology and modify plant features to create desirable qualities and, as a result, increase the quality of nutrition in human and animal products are covered in the curriculum. Students will largely learn various techniques for developing improved varieties and genetic stocks, changing the genetic make-up of plants and developing innovative breeding strategies to increase food, feed, and fibre production.

During the study, students would gain theoretical and practical knowledge of crop improvement methods and strategies for the improvement of cereals, pulses, oilseeds and forage crops. Students would also learn innovative techniques like marker assisted selection, QTL mapping and allele mining. Practical training in laboratories and fields is an integral part of this programme. Students would conduct research experiments and write thesis to complete the requirement of Master's degree. Students would interact with the breeders and scientists of other state research universities and private seed industries.

#### ✤ The programme outline

(i) Course work	
Major courses	20
Minor courses	08
Supporting course	06
Common courses	05
Seminar	01
(ii) Thesis Research	30
Total	70

## Scheme of Courses M. Sc. Ag. (Genetics & Plant Breeding) Semester 1

S. No.	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Τ	Р	Cr
1	AGS 511	Principles of Genetics	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS 512	Principles of Plant Breeding	Major	2	0	1	3
3	CSA 559	Computer fundamentals and programming	omputer fundamentals and ogrammingSupporting Course2222	2	0	1	3
4		Departmental elective- I	Major	2	0	1	3
5		Departmental elective- II	Major	2	0	1	3
6		Open elective or Interdisciplinary elective-I	Minor	2	0	1	3
	Total			12		6	18

## **Outline of the Courses**

Departmental Elective- I & II (Choose any two course)

S.	Paper	Course Title	Course	L	Т	Р	Cr
No	Code		Туре				
1	AGS513A	Breeding Vegetable Crops	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS514A	Breeding Fruit Crops	Major	2	0	1	3
3	AGS 515A	Breeding for Stress Resistance and Climate Change	Major	2	0	1	3
4	AGS 516A	Crop Breeding - I ( <i>Kharif Crops</i> )	Major	2	0	1	3
5	AGS517A	Breeding Ornamental Crops	Major	2	0	1	3
6	AGS 518A	Germplasm Characterization and Evaluation	Major	1	0	1	2
7	AGS 519	Seed Production and Certification	Major	1	0	1	2

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

## Semester II

<b>S.</b>	Paper	Course Title	Course	L	Т	P	Cr
No	Code		Туре				
1	AGS 522A	Fundamentals of	Major	2	0	1	3
		Quantitative Genetics					
2	AGS 523A	Molecular Breeding and Bioinformatics	Major	2	0	1	3
3	ENG 551	Technical Writing and Communication skills	Common Course	0	1	1	1
4	AGS 503	Intellectual Property and its management in Agriculture	Common Course	1	0	0	1
5		Departmental elective- III	Major	2	0	1	3
6		Open elective or	Minor	1	0	1	2
		Interdisciplinary elective-II					
7	AGS500	Masters' Research	Research	0	1	4	4
				10	2	5+4	13+4

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Departmental elective- III (Choose any one course)

S.	Paper Codo	Course Title	Course Type	L	Τ	Р	Cr
INU	Code						
1	AGS 521	Principles of Cytogenetics	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS 524	Mutagenesis and mutation breeding	Major	2	0	1	3
3	AGS 526A	Breeding for Quality and Special Traits	Major	2	0	1	3
4	AGS 527A	Hybrid Breeding	Major	2	0	1	3
5	AGS 528A	Varietal Development and Maintenance Breeding	Major	1	0	1	2
6	AGS525A	Crop Breeding-II ( <i>Rabi</i> Crops)	Major	2	0	1	3
7	AGS 529A	Genetic enhancement for PGR Utilization	Major	1	0	1	2

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

#### Semester III

S.	Paper	Course Title	Course	L	Τ	Р	Cr
INO	Code		Туре				
1	MTH670	Statistical Methods for Applied Sciences	Supporting Course	3	0	1	4
2	AGS501	Library and Information services	Common Course	0	1	1	1
3	AGS504	Basic concepts of Laboratory Techniques	Common Course	0	1	1	1
4	AGS 505	Agricultural Research, ethics and rural developmental programmes	Common Course	1	0	0	1
5	EVS 658	Disaster Management	Common Course	1	0	0	1
6		Open elective or Interdisciplinary elective-III	Minor Course	1	0	1	2
7	AGS 550	Master's Seminar	Major Course	0	1	1	1
8	AGS500A	Master's Research	Research	0	1	6	6
				7		6+6	11+6

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

#### **Semester IV**

S. No	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	Р	Cr
1.	AGS500B	Master's Research	Research	0	1	15	15
2.	AGS500C	Thesis work	Research	0	1	5	5

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Course Code	AGS511	AGS511					
Course Title	Principle	es of Genetics					
Hours	48 L:24,	T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	ompletion of the course, ge and skills:	the stuc	lent will	gain th	e follov	wing
	CO1: U: important CO2: De CO3: Ill cloning, r CO4: Un genetic di	<ul> <li>D1: Understanding of pre Mendelian and Mendelian genetics and portance of hereditary material in crop evolution</li> <li>D2: Demonstrate the nature, structure and expression of genetic material</li> <li>D3: Illustrate the regulation of gene activity and techniques of gene oning, nucleic acid hybridization and immunochemical detection</li> <li>D4: Understanding of various omic approaches and their use in treating netic disorders</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Beginnin Mendel' chromos Multiple Sex det influenc Linkage mapping Somatic	Jnit 1: (6 hours)CO1Beginning of genetics, Early concepts of inheritance,Mendel's laws, Discussion on Mendel's paper and chromosomal theory of inheritance.Multiple alleles, gene interactions,Sex determination, differentiation and sex-linkage, sex influenced and sex- limited traits,Linkage-detection, estimation; recombination and genetic mapping in eukaryotes,Somatic cell genetics, Extra chromosomal inheritance.					CO1
	Mendeli frequence Weinber Nature, organiza Genetic Genetic Split ge genes, p	Somatic cell genetics, Extra chromosomal inheritance.CO2Init 2: (6 hours)CO2Mendelian population, random mating population, frequencies of genes and genotypes, causes of change, Hardy- Weinberg equilibrium.Hardy- Weinberg equilibrium.Nature, structure and replication of the genetic material, organization of DNA in chromosomes, Genetic code, protein biosynthesis, Genetic fine structure analysis, Allelic complementation, Split genes, transposable genetic elements, overlapping					

Gene families and clusters.	
<ul> <li>Unit 3: (6 hours)</li> <li>Regulation of gene activity in prokaryotes, molecular mechanisms of mutation, repair and suppression,</li> <li>Bacterial plasmids, insertion (IS) and transposable (Tn) elements, molecular chaperones and gene expression,</li> <li>Gene regulation in eukaryotes, genome editing,</li> <li>Gene isolation, synthesis and cloning, genomic and cDNA libraries, PCR based cloning, positional cloning,</li> <li>Nucleic acid hybridization and immunochemical detection,</li> <li>DNA sequencing, DNA restriction and modification, antisense RNA and ribozymes, micro-RNAs (miRNAs).</li> </ul>	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours) Genomics, Proteomics, Metagenomics, Transgenic bacteria and bioethics, Gene silencing, genetics of mitochondria and chloroplasts, Concepts of eugenics, epigenetics, Genetic disorders,	CO4
<ul> <li>Practical: (24)</li> <li>Laboratory exercises in probability and chi-square;</li> <li>Demonstration of genetic principles using laboratory organisms;</li> <li>Chromosome mapping using three-point test cross;</li> <li>Tetrad analysis;</li> <li>Induction and detection of mutations through genetic tests;</li> <li>DNA extraction and PCR amplification;</li> <li>Electrophoresis: basic principles and running of amplified DNA;</li> <li>Extraction of proteins and isozymes;</li> <li>Use of <i>Agrobacterium</i> mediated method and Biolistic gun;</li> <li>Detection of transgenes in the exposed plant material;</li> <li>Visit to transgenic glasshouse and learning the practical considerations.</li> </ul>	

- 1. Gardner EJ and Snustad DP. 1991. Principles of Genetics. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Klug WS and Cummings MR. 2003. Concepts of Genetics. Peterson Edu.
- 3. Lewin B. 2008. Genes IX. Jones & Bartlett Publ.
- 4. Russell PJ. 1998. Genetics. The Benzamin/Cummings Publ. Co.

- 5. Snustad DP & Simmons MJ. 2006. Genetics. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Strickberger MW. 2005. Genetics. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed. Prentice Hall.
- 7. Tamarin RH. 1999. Principles of Genetics. Wm. C. Brown Publs.
- 8. Uppal S, Yadav R, Subhadra and Saharan RP. 2005. Practical Manual on Basic and Applied Genetics. Dept. of Genetics, CCS HAU, Hisar.
- 9. Sharma, A. K. and Sharma, R. A. 2013. Crop Improvement and Mutagenesis. Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur.
- 10. Daniel LH and Maryellen R. 2011. Genetics: 'Analysis of Genes and Genomes'.

Course Code	AGS512	AGS512					
Course Title	Principle	Principles of Plant Breeding					
Hours	48 L:24,	8 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg CO1: Le evolution CO2: Illu	on the completion of the course, the student will gain the following nowledge and skills: <b>CO1:</b> Learn the role and genetics of breeding in crop improvement and volution of crop plants				wing vement and f-pollinated	
	and cross CO3: De for the in CO4: Un special br	pollinated crops monstrate population in nprovement of cross po- nderstand breeding sch reeding techniques of va	nproven llinated eme fo urietal de	nent and crops r clonal evelopm	l hybrid lly prop lent	l breedi pagated	ng schemes crops and
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Early breedi Object plants, Centre Pre- E genetic Geneti includ Nature Herita interac	Jnit 1: (6 hours)CO1Early plant breeding, accomplishment through plant breeding, Objectives of plant breeding, patterns of evolution in crop plants, Centre of origin, Agro-biodiversity and its significance. Pre- Breeding and plant introduction and role of plant genetic resources in plant breeding, Genetic basis of breeding self and cross pollinated crops including mating systems and response to selection Nature of variability, components of variation; Heritability and genetic advance, genotype environment interaction:				CO1	
	Unit 2: ( Genera actions Pure li method	<b>5 hours)</b> 1 and specific combin and implications in pla ne theory, pure line se ls, line breeding,	ing abil nt breec election	lity; Ty ling and ma	pes of uss sele	gene ction	CO2

<ul> <li>Pedigree, bulk, backcross, single seed descent and multiline method,</li> <li>Population breeding in self-pollinated crops with special reference to diallel selective mating approach.</li> <li>Transgressive breeding,</li> <li>Breeding methods in cross pollinated crops, population breeding-mass selection and ear-to-row methods, S1 and S2 progeny testing,</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Unit 3: (6 hours)</li> <li>Progeny selection schemes, recurrent selection schemes for intra and</li> <li>Interpopulation improvement and development of synthetics and composites,</li> <li>Hybrid breeding, genetical, physiological and molecular basis of heterosis and inbreeding,</li> <li>production of inbreds, breeding approaches for improvement of inbreds, predicting hybrid performance,</li> <li>Seed production of hybrid and their parent varieties/inbreds.</li> <li>Self-incompatibility, male sterility and apomixes in crop plants and their commercial exploitation</li> </ul>	CO3
<ul> <li>Unit 4: (6 hours)</li> <li>Breeding methods in asexually/clonally propagated crops, clonal selection and clonal hybridization.</li> <li>Special breeding techniques: Mutation breeding,</li> <li>Breeding for abiotic and biotic stresses;</li> <li>Concept of plant ideotype and its role in crop improvement, concept of MAS,</li> <li>Concept of polyploidy and wide hybridization, doubled haploidy.</li> <li>Cultivar development- testing, release and notification, maintenance breeding,</li> <li>Participatory plant breeding, plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights.</li> </ul>	CO4
<ul> <li>Practical (24)</li> <li>Floral biology in self and cross pollinated species,</li> <li>Selfing and crossing techniques self and cross pollinated crops</li> <li>Selection methods in segregating populations and</li> <li>Evaluation of breeding material;</li> <li>analysis of variance (ANOVA);</li> </ul>	

Estimation of heritability and genetic advance;	
Maintenance of experimental records;	
Learning techniques in hybrid seed production using male- sterility in field crops.	
Prediction of performance of double cross hybrid	
Demonstration of MAS.	

- 1. Allard RW. 1981. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Chopra VL. 2001. Breeding Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 3. Chopra VL. 2004. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- 4. Gupta SK. 2005. Practical Plant Breeding. Agribios.
- 5. Pohlman JM and Bothakur DN. 1972. Breeding Asian Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 6. Roy D. 2003. Plant Breeding, Analysis and Exploitation of Variation. Narosa Publ. House.
- 7. Sharma JR. 2001. Principles and Practice of Plant Breeding. Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 8. Simmonds NW. 1990. Principles of Crop Improvement. English Language Book Society.
- 9. Singh BD. 2022. Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers.
- 10. Singh P. 2002. Objective Genetics and Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 11. Singh P. 2006. Essentials of Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 12. Singh S and Pawar IS. 2006. Genetic Bases and Methods of Plant Breeding. CBS

Course Code	AGS513	A					
Course Title	Breeding	g Vegetable Crops					
Hours	48 L:24,	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3	3					
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					
	CO1: Lea and cucun CO2: De and root v CO3: Illu CO4: Ex vegetable	<ul> <li>CO1: Learn different breeding methodologies for the improvement of leafy and cucurbitaceous vegetables</li> <li>CO2: Demonstrate breeding methods for the improvement of solanaceous and root vegetables</li> <li>CO3: Illustrate breeding methods for the improvement of cole crops</li> <li>CO4: Explain breeding approaches for the improvement of other important vegetable crops</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (( Breedin Amaran Chenop Lettuce, Breedin Gourds, Melons, Pumpkin	Unit 1: (6 hours) Breeding for Leafy vegetables: Amaranth, Chenopods and Lettuce, Breeding for Cucurbits: Gourds, Melons,				CO1	
	Unit 2: ( Breeding Potato a Tomato, Eggplan Hot pep Breedin Carrot, beetroot	<b>5 hours)</b> g for Solanaceae vegeta and t, per and sweet pepper g for Root vegetables:	ıbles: :				CO2
	Unit 3: ( Breedin Radish,	<b>5 hours</b> ) g for Root vegetables.	:				CO3

Sweet potato and Tapioca. Breeding for Cole crops: Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli	
Unit 4: (6 hours) Breeding for Cole crops: knolkhol. Breeding for other vegetable crops: Peas, beans, onion, garlic and okra.	CO4
<ul> <li>Practical (24)</li> <li>Selection of desirable plants from breeding population,</li> <li>Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm;</li> <li>Hybridization and handling segregating generations;</li> <li>Induction of flowering, palanological studies,</li> <li>Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops;</li> <li>Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk;</li> <li>Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and environmental stress resistance in vegetable crops;</li> <li>Demonstration of sib-mating and mixed population;</li> <li>Molecular marker techniques to identify useful traits in the vegetable crops and special breeding techniques;</li> <li>Visit to breeding blocks,</li> <li>MAS for incorporating traits governed by major and polygenes.</li> </ul>	

- 1. Allard RW. 1999. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Fageria MS, Arya PS and Choudhary AK. 2000. Vegetable Crops: Breeding and Seed Production.
- 3. Vol. I. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Kalloo G. 1988. Vegetable Breeding. Vols. I-III. CRC Press.
- 5. Kalloo G. 1998. Vegetable Breeding. Vols. I-III (Combined Ed.). Panima Edu. Book Agency. Peter KV and Pradeep KT. 2008. Genetics and Breeding of Vegetables. ICAR.
- 6. Rai N and Rai M. 2006. Heterosis Breeding in Vegetable Crops. New India Publication Agency.
- 7. Ram HH. 2005. Vegetable Breeding-Principles and Practices. Kalyani

Publishers

- 8. Sharma JP. 2010. Principles of Vegetable Breeding. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 9. Singh BD. 2015. Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers

Course Code	AGS514	AGS514A					
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding Fruit Crops					
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3	3					
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					
	CO1: Le CO2: Un CO3: Illu CO4: De fruit crop	<ul> <li>CO1: Learn the importance of fruit crop breeding and its historical aspects</li> <li>CO2: Understand various issues related to fruit breeding</li> <li>CO3: Illustrate the role of biotechnology in the improvement of fruit crops</li> <li>CO4: Demonstrate various breeding methods for the improvement of major</li> <li>Truit crops</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical	-				<b>1</b>
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Theory + Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (( Fruit cr History Importa Center adaptat Unit 2: (( Issues	Unit 1: (6 hours) Fruit crop breeding: History, Importance of fruit breeding, Center of diversity, distribution, domestication and adaptation of commercially important fruits. Unit 2: (6 hours)				CO1 CO2	
	Hetero Polypl Polyer Parther Incomj Sterilit	Heterozygosity, Polyploidy, Polyembryony, Parthenocarpy and seed lessness, Incompatibility and Sterility systems					
	Unit 3: ( Apomiz Variabi Role of improv Crop ir	Sterility systems Unit 3: (6 hours) Apomixes - merits and demerits, types, Variability for economic traits, Role of genetic engineering and biotechnology in improvement of fruit crops. Crop improvement in Mango Banana Citrus Grapes				CO3	

Crop improvement in Papaya, Sapota and Pomegranate, Pineapple and Guava, Apple and other Rosaceous crops and region specific fruit crops.	
Practical: (24 hours)         Germplasm documentation;         Floral biology of mango, guava, citrus, grape, pomegran pollen viability in major fruit crops;         Pollen germination to study time of anthesis and stig receptivity;         Hybridization technique in important fruit crops, hybrid s collection and raising;         Colchicine treatment for induction of polyploidy;         Exposure to resistance breeding and screening technique Mutation breeding practices raising and evaluation segregating populations;         Use of mutagens to induce mutations and polyploidy;         Visit to Biotechnology Lab and study of <i>in-vitro</i> breed techniques	ate, gma seed les; of ling

- 1. Bhojwani SS and Razdan MK. 2006. *Plant Tissue Culture -Theory and Practice*. Elsevier Publication, Amesterdam.
- 2. Chadha KL and Pareek, OP. 1996. (Eds.). *Advances in Horticulture*. Vol. I to IV. Malhotra Publ. House, New Delhi.
- 3. Chadha KL and Shikhamany SD. 1999. *The Grape: Improvement, Production and Post-Harvest Management*. Malhotra Publ. House, New Delhi.
- Janick and Moore JN. 1996. Advances in Fruit Breeding, AVI Pub., USA. Janick J and Moore JN. 1996. Fruit Breeding. Vols. I to III. John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Kumar N. 2006. *Breeding of Horticultural Crops Principles and Practices*. New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi.
- 6. Moore JN and Janick Jules. 1996. *Methods in Fruit Breeding*. Purdue University Press, SouthCampus Court D., USA.
- Parthasarathy VA, Bose TK, Deka PC, Das P, Mitra SK. and Mohanadas S. 2001. *Biotechnology of Horticultural Crops*. Vols. I-III. Naya Prokash, Kolkata.
- 8. Ray PK. 2002. *Breeding of Tropical and Sub-tropical Fruits*. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 9. Simmonds NW. 1976. Evolution of Crop Plants, Orient Longman, London.

Course Code	AGS515	AGS515A					
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding for Stress Resistance and Climate Change					
Hours	48 L:24,	, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg CO1: Un yield and CO2: Idd stresses CO3: Cl develop to CO4: Ro abiotic str	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Understanding of various abiotic and biotic stresses influencing crop yield and host defense responses CO2: Identify the mechanism and genetics of resistance against biotic stresses CO3: Classification of abiotic stresses and breeding methodologies to develop tolerant varieties CO4: Role of genomics and transgenics in the management of biotic and					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	·				
Syllabus	Unit 1: (C Concep plant bi stress re Classifi of econ Concep inherita Host de and m immuni Host-pa molecu Concep mechan	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Concept and impact of climatic change; Importance of plant breeding with special reference to biotic and abiotic stress resistance,Important consistence of classification of biotic stresses- Major pests and diseases of economically important crops,Concepts in insect and pathogen resistance, Analysis and inheritance of resistance,Important crops,Host defense responses to pathogen invasions-Biochemical and molecular mechanisms, Acquired and induced immunity and systemic acquired resistance (SAR),Host-pathogen interaction, gene-for-gene hypothesis, molecular evidence for its operation and exceptions,Concept of signal transduction and other host-defense macheniame against viewees and heatering					CO1
	Unit 2: (( Types stresses Quantit	<b>5 hours)</b> and genetic mechanis s - Horizontal and vertic tative resistance/adult	ms of a cal resist plant re	resistanc tance in esistanc	ce to b crop pl e and	piotic lants, slow	CO2

<ul> <li>rusting resistance,</li> <li>Classical and molecular breeding methods- Measuring plant resistance using plant fitness,</li> <li>Behavioural, physiological and insect gain studies,</li> <li>Phenotypic screening methods for major pests and diseases,</li> <li>Recording of observations; Correlating the observations using marker data</li> <li>Gene pyramiding methods and their implications.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Unit 3: (6 hours)</li> <li>Classification of abiotic stresses- Stress inducing factors, moisture stress/drought and water logging &amp; submergence, Acidity, salinity/alkalinity/sodicity, high/low temperature, wind, etc.</li> <li>Stress due to soil factors and mineral toxicity, Physiological and phenological responses,</li> <li>Emphasis of abiotic stresses in developing breeding methodologies.</li> <li>Genetics of abiotic stress resistance,</li> <li>Genes and genomics in breeding cultivars suitable to low water regimes and water logging &amp; submergence, high and low/freezing temperatures.</li> </ul>	CO3
<ul> <li>Unit 4: (6 hours)</li> <li>Utilizing MAS procedures for identifying resistant types in important crops like rice, sorghum, wheat, cotton etc, Breeding for resistance to stresses caused by toxicity, deficiency and pollutants/contaminants in soil, water and environment.</li> <li>Use of crop wild relatives as a source of resistance to biotic and abiotic factors in major field crops, Transgenics in management of biotic and abiotic stresses, use of toxins, protease inhibitors, lectins, PR proteins and Bt for diseases and insect pest management- achievements.</li> </ul>	CO4
<b>Practical: (24 hours)</b> Understanding the climatological parameters and predisposal of biotic and abiotic stress factors- ways of combating them for diseases caused by fungi and bacteria; Symptoms and data recording; use of MAS procedures; Phenotypic screening techniques for sucking pests and chewing pests- Traits tobe observed at plant and insect level;	

Phenotypic screening techniques for nematodes and borers;	
Ways of combating them;	
Evaluating the available populations like RIL, NIL, etc. for pest resistance;	
Use of standard MAS procedures,	
Breeding strategies - Weeds – ecological, environmental	
impacts on the crops; Breeding for herbicide resistance;	
Screening crops for drought and flood resistance; factors to	
be considered and breeding strategies;	
Screening varieties of major crops for acidity and	
alkalinity- their effects andbreeding strategies;	
Screening forage crops for resistance to sewage water and	
tannery effluents;	
Quality parameters evaluation.	

- 1. Blumm A. 1988. Plant Breeding for Stress Environments. CRC Press.
- 2. Christiansen MN & Lewis CF. 1982. Breeding Plants for Less Favourable Environments. Wiley International.
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- 4. Li PH & Sakai A. 1987. Plant Cold Hardiness. Liss, New York
- 5. Luginpill P. 1969. Developing Resistant Plants The Ideal Method of Controlling Insects. USDA, ARS, Washington DC.
- Maxwell FG & Jennings PR. (Eds.). 1980. Breeding Plants Resistant to Insects. John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Painter RH. 1951. Insect Resistance in Crop Plants. MacMillan, New York.
- 8. Russel GE. 1978. Plant Breeding for Pest and Disease Resistance. Butterworths.
- 9. Sakai A & Larcher W. 1987. Frost Survival in Plants. Springer-Verlag.
- 10. Turener NC & Kramer PJ. 1980. Adaptation of Plants to Water and High Temperature Stress. John Wiley & Sons.
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Course Code	AGS5164	AGS516A					
Course Title	Crop Bro	eeding- I (Kharif Crops	s)				
Hours	48 L:24,	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3	3					
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					
	CO1: Lea breeding cereals CO2: II objectives <i>kharif</i> pul CO3: Un objectives <i>kharif</i> oil CO4: De objectives <i>kharif</i> fib	<ul> <li>CO1: Learn origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> cereals</li> <li>CO2: Illustrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> pulses</li> <li>CO3: Understand origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> oilseed crops</li> <li>CO4: Demonstrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> oilseed crops</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Rice: O forms, w and gene characte approac hybrid r MAS us and drou Maize: O forms, o genome characte approac forms, o	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Rice: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, genetics, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), hybrid rice breeding, potential and outcome, examples of MAS used for improvement, aerobic rice, its implications and drought resistance breeding.Maize: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS					CO1

used for improvement- QPM and Bt maize- strategies and implications. Small millets: evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc.	
Unit 2: (6 hours)	CO2
Pigeon pea: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement- Hybrid technology; maintenance of male sterile, fertile and restorer lines, progress made at National and International institutes.	
Groundnut: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
Other Pulses: Urdbean, mungbean, cowpea: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Interspecific crosses attempted and its implications, reasons for failure, ways of overcoming them.	
Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
Soybean: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Castor and Sesame: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance	

etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Hybrid breeding in castor – opportunities, constraints and achievements. Cotton: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Development and maintenance of male sterile lines – Hybrid development and seed production – Scenario and evaluation procedures for Bt cotton.	
<ul> <li>Unit 4: (6 hours)</li> <li>Jute: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.</li> <li>Sugarcane: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc.,</li> <li>Forage grasses: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters and palatability studies, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc.,</li> <li>Seed spices: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters and palatability studies, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc.,</li> <li>Seed spices: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc.</li> <li>Seed spices: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Achievements of important spice crops.</li> </ul>	CO4
<b>Practical: (24 hours)</b> Floral biology, emasculation, pollination techniques in rice, maize, pigeon pea, soybean, sesame, cotton; Study of range of variation for yield and yield components;	

Study of segregating populations in cereal, pulses and oilseed crops;	
Learning on the crosses between different species;	
attempting crosses betweenblack gram and green gram;	
Evaluating the germplasm of cotton for yield, quality and	
resistance parameters, learning the procedures on	
development of Bt cotton;	
Visit to Cotton Technology Laboratory and Spinning Mills;	
Learning on the Standard Evaluation System (SES) and	
descriptors; Use of software for database management and retrieval;	
Practical learning on the cultivation of fodder crop	
species on sewage water, analysing them for yield components and palatability;	
Laboratory analysis of forage crops for crude protein,	
digestibility percent and other quality attributes; Visit to animal feed producing factories;	
Learning the practice of value addition; Visiting the animal husbandry unit and learning the animal experiments related with palatability and digestibility of fodder.	

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- 2. Bahl PN & Salimath PM. 1996. Genetics, Cytogenetics and Breeding of Crop Plants. Vol.

I. Pulses and Oilseeds. Oxford & IBH.

- 3. Chandraratna MF. 1964. Genetics and Breeding of Rice. Longmans.
- 4. Chopra VL & Prakash S. 2002. Evolution and Adaptation of Cereal Crops. Oxford and IBH.
- 5. Gill KS. 1991. Pearl Millet and its Improvement. ICAR.
- 6. IRRI. 1986. Rice Genetics. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 7. IRRI. 1991. Rice Genetics II. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 8. IRRI. 1996. Rice Genetics III. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 9. IRRI. 2000. Rice Genetics IV. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 10. Kannaiyan S, Uthamasamy S, Theodore RK & Palaniswamy S. 2002. New Dimensions and Approaches for Sustainable Agriculture. Directorate of Extension Education, TNAU, Coimbatore.
- 11. Murty DS, Tabo R & Ajayi O. 1994. Sorghum Hybrid Seed Production and Management. ICRISAT, Patancheru, India.
- 12. Nanada JS. 1997. Manual on Rice Breeding. Kalyani.

- 13. Ram HH & Singh HG. 1993. Crop Breeding and Genetics. Kalyani.
- 14. Singh HG, Mishra SN, Singh TB, Ram HH & Singh DP. (Eds.). 1994. Crop Breeding in India. International Book Distributing Co.
- 15. Slafer GA. (Ed.). 1994. Genetic Improvement of Field Crops. Marcel Dekker.
- 16. Walden DB. 1978. Maize Breeding and Genetics. John Wiley& Sons.

Course Code	AGS517.	AGS517A					
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding for Ornamental Crops					
Hours	48 L:24	, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following mowledge and skills:					
	CO1: Lea CO2: Illu crops CO3: De hybrid va CO4: Lea ornament	<ul> <li>CO1: Learn historical aspects of ornamental plant breeding</li> <li>CO2: Illustrate breeding methods for the improvement of major ornamental crops</li> <li>CO3: Demonstrate the role of heterosis and its exploitation of heterosis in hybrid variety development</li> <li>CO4: Learn production and certification of open pollinated seeds of ornamental crops</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (4 History Centre o Objectiv	<b>4 hours)</b> of improvement of orm of origin of ornamental res and techniques in o	amental crops; ornamen	l plants; tal plan	t breed	ling.	CO1
	Unit 2: (a Introduce biotechm and floo Tuberos <i>Petunia</i> , <i>Antirrhi</i>	Unit 2: (8 hours)CO2Introduction, selection, hybridization, mutation and biotechnological techniques for improvement of ornamental and flower crops, viz., Rose, Jasmine, Chrysanthemum, Tuberose, Gerbera, Gladiolus, Dahlia, Lilium, Gaillardia, Petunia, Bouganvillea, Pansy, Marigold, Geranium, Antirrhinum China aster, Orchids, Carnation, Hibiscus, etc.					CO2
	Unit 3: (	6 hours)					CO3
	Development of promising cultivars of important ornamental and flower crops, Role of heterosis and its exploitation, production of $F_1$						
	nybrids	and utilization of male	sterilit	у.			<u> </u>
	Productic	<b>b nours)</b> on of open pollinated see	eds har	vesting			04
	processin	g and storage of seeds	8;				

Seed certification.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Study of floral biology and pollination in important species and cultivars of ornamental crops;	
Techniques of inducing polyploidy and mutation;	
Production of pure and hybrid seed;	
Methods of breeding suited to seed propagated plants;	
Polyploidy and mutations to evolve new varieties;	
Breeding methods for biotic and abiotic stresses;	
Visit to research institutes involved in ornamental crop breeding	

- 1. Alexander V. 2002. Breeding for ornamentals: Classical and Molecular Approaches. Kluwer Academic Publishers, London.
- 2. Allard RW. 1999. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons. INC. New York.
- 3. Bhattacharjee SK and De LC. 2003. Advanced Commercial Floriculture Vol. 1. Aavishkar Publishers & Distributors, Jaipur.
- 4. Bose TK and Yadav LP. 2003. Commercial Flowers. Naya Prokash Publishers, Kolkata.
- 5. Chadha KL and Bhattacharjee SK. Advances in Horticulture Vol. 12, Malhotra Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6. Mc Donald MB and Kwong FY. 2005. Flower Seeds Biology and Technology, CABI Publishing, Oxfordshire, UK.
- 7. Watts L.1980. Flower and Vegetable Plant Breeding. Grower Books.

Course Code	AGS518A						
Course Title	Germpla	Germplasm Characterization and Evaluation					
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					wing
	<ul> <li>CO1: Demonstrate germplasm characterization and diversity studies</li> <li>CO2: Learn germplasm evaluation and development of core and mini core collections</li> <li>CO3: Illustrate evaluation and exploitation of crop wild relatives in crop improvement</li> <li>CO4: Discover high throughput phenotyping for nutritional and resistance traits</li> </ul>						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	·			·	
Syllabus	Unit 1: (	Unit 1: (6 hours)					CO1
	Understanding genetic diversity in crop plants;						
	Crop de	Crop descriptors, descriptor states;					
	Germpla	Germplasm characterization/ evaluation procedures;					
	Evaluati	Evaluation of germplasm for specific traits;					
	Statistic	Measuring diversity using agro-morphological data,					
	variation, markers and their use in PGR,						
	Unit 2: (	Unit 2: (6 hours)					CO2
	Evaluati	on of biotic and abiotic	stresses	,			
	Principles and methods for formulating core and mini core collections and their validation,						
	Web based tools for management of data.						
	Principles and practices of germplasm regeneration and maintenance,						
	Unit 3: (5 hours)					CO3	
	Breeding systems and mode of reproduction;						
	Maintaining sufficiently large populations for effective conservation of farmer landraces,						

Evaluation and maintenance of wild relatives of crop plants	
Genetic enhancement,	
Use of CWRs genetic resources for crop improvement.	
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
High throughput phenotyping systems- imaging and image processing,	
Concepts for automated germplasm characterization	
Evaluation for nutritional traits,	
Evaluation for resistance traits	
Biochemical and molecular markers for characterization.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Field layout and experimental designs;	
Recording field data on germplasm evaluation in different agri-horticultural crops,	
Post-harvest handling;	
Evaluating quality traits,	
Biochemical and phyto-chemical evaluation of crop germplasm,	
Data processing; Documentation,	
Analysis of diversity and cataloguing, data analysis,	
Viability equations, sampling strategies, data documentation,	
Cataloguing,	
Biochemical analyses of samples	

- 1. Dhillon BS, Varaprasad KS, Kalyani Srinivasan, Mahendra Singh, Sunil Arachak, Umesh Srivastava & Sharma GD. 2001. Germplasm Conservation A Compendium of Achievements. NBPGR, New Delhi.
- 2. Di Castri, F &Younes T. 1996. Biodiversity Science and Development: Towards New Partnership. CABI, In association with International Union for Biological Science, France.
- 3. Gurcharan Singh. 2004. Plant Systematics: An Integrated Approach. Science Publ.
- 4. John H Wiersema. 1999. World Economic Plants: A Standard Reference. Blanca Leon.
- 5. Lorentz C Pearson. 1995. The Diversity and Evolution of Plants. CRC Press.
- 6. Paroda RS & Arora RK. 1991. Plant Genetic Resources Conservation and Management Concepts and Approaches. IBPGR Regional office for south and south Asia New Delhi.
- 7. Singh BP. 1993. Principles and Procedures of Exchange of Plant Genetic Resources
- Conservation and Management. Indo-US PGR project management.
- 8. Sivarajan VV. 1991. Introduction of Principles of Plant Taxonomy. Science Publ.
- 9. Takhrajan A. 1997. Diversity and Classification of Flowering Plants. Columbia University Press, New York.
- 10. Sundeep Kumar, et al. 2016. Evaluation of 19,460 wheat accessions conserved in the

Indian national genebank to identify new sources of resistance to rust and spot blotch diseases. PloS One Vol 11, pages 0167702.

11. Tripathi K, Bhardwaj R, Bhalla S, Kaur V, Bansal R, Yadav R, Gangopadhyay KK, Kumar A and Chaudhury R. 2018. Plant Genetic Resources Evaluation: Principles and Procedures, Indian Council of Agricultural Research - National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources (ICAR-NBPGR), New Delhi. 50 p

Course Code	AGS519						
Course Title	Seed production and Certification						
Hours	48 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					wing
	<ul> <li>CO1: Importance of quality seed, production and maintenance of seeds of improved classes</li> <li>CO2: Knowledge of principles of varietal and hybrid seed production in field crops</li> <li>CO3: Understand the principles of varietal and hybrid seed production in pulses, oilseeds, fiber and vegetatively propagated crops</li> <li>CO4: Illustrate seed certification and Minimum Seed Certification</li> </ul>						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Theory + Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Importan concept Generat replace replace and supp Various Genetic Factors Nucleus of paren Producti their qua	<ul> <li>Unit 1: (6 hours)</li> <li>Importance of seed as basic input in agriculture; Seed quality concept and importance;</li> <li>Generation system of seed multiplication -Varietal replacement rate, Seed multiplication ratios, Seed replacement rate, Seed renewal period and seed demand and supply;</li> <li>Various factors influencing seed production –Physical and Genetic purity in seed production;</li> <li>Factors responsible for varietal and genetic deterioration, Nucleus seed production and its maintenance - Maintenance of parental lines of hybrids,</li> <li>Production of breeder, foundation and certified seed and their quality maintenance:</li> </ul>				CO1	
	<ul> <li>Unit 2: (6 hours)</li> <li>Principles of seed production in self- and cross-pollinated crops;</li> <li>Hybrid seed production - system and techniques involved in Seed village concept;</li> </ul>				CO2		

Organics and production and certification. Principles of seed production in field crops; Floral structure, pollination mechanism and seed production techniques in self- and cross-pollinated cereals and millets.	
<ul> <li>Unit 3: (6 hours)</li> <li>Floral structure, pollination mechanism and methods and techniques of seed production in major pulses and oilseed crops;</li> <li>Varietal and hybrid seed production techniques in Pigeon pea, Mustard, Castor and Sunflower.</li> <li>Floral structure, pollination mechanism and methods and techniques of seed production in major commercial fibres, Hybrid-seed production techniques in major vegetatively propagated crops.</li> </ul>	CO3
<ul> <li>Unit 4: (9 hours)</li> <li>Seed certification - history, concept, objectives;</li> <li>Central seed certification board Seedcertification agency/ organization and staff requirement;</li> <li>Legal status - Phases of seed certification, formulation, revision and publication of seed certification standards;</li> <li>Minimum Seed Certification Standards (MSCS) for different crops - General and specific crop standards, Field and seed standards;</li> <li>Planning and management of seed certification programs;</li> <li>Eligibility of a variety for certification, area assessment, cropping history of the seed field</li> </ul>	CO4
<ul> <li>Practical: (24)</li> <li>Planting design for variety- hybrid seed production techniques,</li> <li>Planting ratio of male and female lines, synchronization of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony;</li> <li>Identification of rogues and pollen shedders,</li> <li>Supplementary pollination,</li> <li>Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination;</li> <li>Pollen collection and storage methods,</li> <li>Pollen viability and stigma receptivity;</li> <li>Pre-harvest sanitation, maturity symptoms,</li> <li>Harvesting techniques;</li> <li>Visits to seed production plots - visit to seed industries;</li> <li>Planning for seed production: cost benefit ratio, seed multiplication ratio and seedreplacement rate;</li> <li>General procedure of seed certification,</li> <li>Identification of weed and other crop seeds as per specific crops,</li> </ul>	

Field inspection at different stages of a crop and observations recorded on contaminants and reporting of results, , Inspection and sampling at harvesting/ threshing, processing and after processing for seed law enforcement;
Specifications for tags and labels to be used for certification purpose.

- 1.Agrawal PK and Dadlani M. 1987. Techniques in Seed Science and Technology, South Asian Publishers, Delhi.
- 2. Agrawal RL. 1997. Seed Technology, Oxford & IBH Publishing.
- 3. Anon, 1965. Field Inspection Manual and Minimum Seed Certification Standards, NSCPublication, New Delhi.
- 4. Anon. 1999. Manual of Seed Certification procedures. Directorate of Seed Certification, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.
- Joshi AK and Singh BD. 2004. Seed Science and Technology, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. Kelly AF. 1988. Seed Production of Agricultural Crops. John Wiley, New York.
- 6. Mc Donald MB and Copeland LO. 1997. Seed Science and Technology, Scientific Publisher, Jodhpur.
- 7. Ramamoorthy K, Sivasubramaniam K and Kannan M. 2006. Seed Legislation in India. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur, Rajasthan.
- **8.** Singhal NC. 2003. Hybrid Seed Production in Field Crops, Kalyani Publications, New Delhi.
- **9.** Tunwar NS and Singh SV. 1988. Indian Minimum Seed Certification Standards. Central Seed Certification Board, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi.

Course Code	AGS521						
Course Title	Principles of Cytogenetic						
Hours	48 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					
	<ul> <li>CO1: Learn the structure and composition of eukaryotic and prokaryotic chromosomes and their role in evolution</li> <li>CO2: Illustrate the chromosomal variations and their evolutionary significance</li> <li>CO3: Techniques to overcome fertilization barriers and role of polyploidy in crop breeding</li> <li>CO4: Demonstrate techniques of genome mapping in polyploids and chromosomal manipulations in wide hybridization</li> </ul>						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Theory + Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Cell cycle and architecture of chromosome in prokaryotes and eukaryotes;Chromosome in prokaryotes and eukaryotes;Chromonemata, chromosome matrix, chromomeres, centromere, secondary constriction and telomere;Artificial chromosome construction and its uses;Artificial chromosome construction and its uses;Special types of chromosomeVariation in chromosome structure: Evolutionary significance;Introduction to techniques for karyotyping;Chromosome banding and painting -In situ and various applicationsHybridization					CO1	
	Unit 2: (6 hours) Structural and numerical variations of chromosomes and their implications; Symbols and terminologies for chromosome numbers, euploidy, haploids, diploids and polyploids; Utilization of aneuploids in gene location; Variation in chromosome behaviour, somatic segregation and chimeras, endomitosis and somatic reduction;				CO2		

Evolutionary significance of chromosomal aberrations, balanced lethal and chromosome complexes;	
Inter-varietal chromosome substitutions	
<ul> <li>Unit 3: (6 hours)</li> <li>Fertilization barriers in crop plants at pre-and postfertilization levels; <i>In-vitro</i> techniques to overcome the fertilization barriers in crops;</li> <li>Polyploidy: Genetic consequences of polyploidization and role of polyploids in crop breeding;</li> <li>Evolutionary advantages of autopolyploid <i>vs</i> allopolyploids;</li> <li>Role of aneuploids in basic and applied aspects of crop breeding, their maintenance and utilization in gene mapping and gene blocks transfer;</li> <li>Alien addition and substitution lines, creation and utilization;</li> <li>Apomixis, evolutionary and genetic problems in crops with apomixes.</li> </ul>	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours) Reversion of autopolyploids to diploids, genome mapping in polyploids, interspecific hybridization and allopolyploids, Synthesis of new crops (wheat, triticale and brassica), Hybrids between species with same chromosome number, alien translocations, Hybrids between species with different chromosome number, Gene transfer using amphidiploids, bridge species. Chromosome manipulations in wide hybridization, Case studies, Production and use of haploids, dihaploids and doubled haploids in genetics and breeding.	CO4
<ul> <li>Practical: (24 hours)</li> <li>Learning the cytogenetical laboratory techniques,</li> <li>Various chemicals to be used for fixation, dehydration,</li> <li>embedding, staining, cleaning, etc.;</li> <li>Microscopy: various types of microscopes;</li> <li>Preparing specimen for observation;</li> <li>Fixative preparation and fixing specimen for light microscopy studies in cereals;</li> <li>Studies on mitosis and meiosis in crop plants;</li> <li>Using micrometres and studying the pollen grain size in various crops.</li> <li>Pollen germination <i>in vivo</i> and <i>in-vitro</i>;</li> <li>Demonstration of polyploidy.</li> </ul>	

- 1. Becker K & Hardin. 2004. The World of Cell. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed. Pearson Edu.
- 2. Carroll M. 1989. Organelles. The Guilford Press.
- 3. Charles B. 1993. Discussions in Cytogenetics. Prentice Hall.
- Darlington CD & La Cour LF. 1969. The Handling of Chromosomes. Georger Allen & Unwin Ltd.
- 5. Elgin SCR. 1995. Chromatin Structure and Gene Expression. IRL Press.
- 6. Gray P. 1954. The Mirotomist's Formulatory Guide. The Blakiston Co.
- 7. Gupta PK & Tsuchiya T. 1991. Chromosome Engineering in Plants: Genetics, Breeding and Evolution. Part A. Elsevier.
- 8. Gupta PK. 2000. Cytogenetics. Rastogi Publ.
- 9. Johannson DA. 1975. Plant Microtechnique. McGraw Hill.
- Karp G. 1996. Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. John Wiley & Sons.
- 11. Khush GS, 1973. Cytogenetics of Aneuploids. Academic Press.
- 12. Sharma AK & Sharma A. 1988. Chromosome Techniques: Theory and Practice. Butterworth.
- 13. Sumner AT. 1982. Chromosome Banding. Unwin Hyman Publ.
- 14. Swanson CP. 1960. Cytology and Cytogenetics. Macmillan & Co.
| Course Code         | AGS522A  |  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
|---------------------|--|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|--|
| Course Title        | Fundam   | Fundamentals of Quantitative Genetics  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Hours               | 48 L:24  | , T:0, P:24  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Credits             | 3  |  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Туре                | Multi-Dis  | Multi-Disciplinary Course  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Course Outcomes     | On the co<br>knowledg  | On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:   |     |     |     |     |         |  |
|                     | CO1: Un<br>CO2: De<br>compone<br>CO3: Illu<br>CO4: Lea   | <ul> <li>CO1: Understand the principle and concept of quantitative genetics</li> <li>CO2: Demonstrate principles of experimental designs and estimation of components of variations</li> <li>CO3: Illustrate different mating designs and models for stability analysis</li> <li>CO4: Learn strategies for QTL mapping and MAS</li> </ul>  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Examination Type    | Theory +   | Practical  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Assessment Tools    | Written<br>Quiz  | Assignment/Project<br>Work   | MSE | MSP | ESE | ESP | ABL/PBL |  |
| Weightage           | 10%  | 0  | 25% | 0   | 35% | 25% | 5%      |  |
| Examination<br>Mode | Theory +   | Practical  |     |     |     |     |         |  |
| Syllabus            | Unit 1: ((<br>Introduc<br>genetics<br>Multiple<br>Qualitat<br>Analysis<br>Compor<br>gene ac<br>effect,<br>Principle<br>Expecte<br>model,<br>Compar | Unit 1: (6 hours)CCIntroduction and historical background of quantitative<br>genetics,Multiple factor hypothesis,Qualitative and quantitative characters,Analysis of continuous variation mean, range, SD, CV;<br>Components of variation- Phenotypic, Genotypic, Nature of<br>gene action- additive, dominance and epistatic, linkage<br>effect,Principles of analysis of variance and linear model,<br>Expected variance components, Random and fixed effect<br>model, |     |     |     |     |         |  |
|                     | Unit 2: (<br>Designs<br>application<br>Variabil<br>selection<br>Associa<br>correlat<br>Path a  | Comparison of means and variances for significance<br><b>Unit 2: (6 hours)</b><br>Designs for plant breeding experiments- principles and<br>applications;<br>Variability parameters, concept of selection, simultaneous<br>selection modes and selection of parents, MANOVA,<br>Association analysis- Genotypic and phenotypic<br>correlation,<br>Path analysis Discriminate function and principal  |     |     |     |     | CO2     |  |

component analysis,	
Genetic divergence analysis-Metroglyph and D <sup>2</sup> ,	
Generation mean analysis, Parent progeny regression	
analysis	
Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
Mating designs- classification, Diallel, partial diallel,	
$L \times T$ ,	
NCDs, and TTC;	
Concept of combining ability and gene action,	
$G \times E$ interaction-Adaptability and stability; Methods and models for stability analysis;	
Basic models- principles and interpretation,	
Bi-plot analysis.	
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
QTL mapping,	
Strategies for QTL mapping- Desired population and statistical methods,	
QTL mapping in genetic analysis;	
Markers, Marker assisted selection and factors influencing	
the MAS,	
Simultaneous selection based on marker and phenotype.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Analysis and interpretation of variability parameters; Analysis and interpretation of Index score and Metroglyph; Clustering and interpretation of D <sup>2</sup> analysis; Genotypic and phenotypic correlation analysis and	
interpretation;	
Path coefficient analysis and interpretation,	
depression and interpretation:	
A, B and C Scaling test;	
$L \times T$ analysis and interpretation,	
QTL analysis;	
Use of computer packages;	
Diallel analysis; $G \times F$ interaction and stability analysis	
$O \times E$ interaction and stability analysis	

- 1. Bos I & Caligari P. 1995. Selection Methods in Plant Breeding. Chapman & Hall.
- 2. Falconer DS. 1983. Problems on Quantitative Genetics. Longman.
- 3. Falconer DS. 1998. Introduction to Quantitative Genetics. Longman.
- 4. Mather K & Jinks JL. 1971. Biometrical Genetics. Chapman & Hall.

- 5. Mather K & Jinks J L. 1983. Introduction to Biometrical Genetics. Chapman & Hall.
- 6. Nadarajan N & Gunasekaran M. 2005. Quantitative Genetics and Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 7. Naryanan SS and Singh P. 2007. Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 8. Singh P & Narayanan SS. 1993. Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Singh RK & Choudhary BD. 1987. Biometrical Methods in Quantitative Genetics. Kalyani Publishers.
- 10. Weir DS. 1990. Genetic Data Analysis. Methods for Discrete Population Genetic Data. Sinauer Associates.
- 11. Kearsey Michael J. and Pooni Harpal S. 1996. The Genetical Analysis of Quantitative Traits. Springer- Science + Business Media, B. V.

Course Code	AGS523	AGS523A									
Course Title	Molecula	Molecular Breeding and Bioinformatics									
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24									
Credits	3	3									
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course									
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Learn about molecular markers, techniques of molecular mapping									
	CO2: Illu CO3: Rea in crop in CO4: Lea	and allele mining and MAS in varietal development CO2: Illustrate the role of comparative genomics in crop improvement CO3: Realize the use of nanotechnology and recombinant DNA technology in crop improvement CO4: Learn implications of bioinformatics tools in crop improvement									
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical									
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL				
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%				
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical									
Syllabus	Unit 1: (	6 hours)					CO1				
	Genotypi	ng; Biochemical and M	olecular	marker	s;						
	Morpholo (RFLP, R	ogical, biochemical a APD, AFLP, SSR, SN	ind DN Ps, EST	NA-base Ts, etc.)	d mar ,	kers					
	Functiona RILs, NI	al markers; Mapping pop Ls and DH);	oulation	s (F <sub>2</sub> s, b	ack cros	sses,					
	Molecula traits;	r mapping and tagging	of agron	omicall	y impo	rtant					
	Statistica	l tools in marker analysi	is, Allel	e minin	g;						
	Marker-a traits;	assisted selection for q	ualitativ	ve and c	quantita	tive					
	QTLs an	alysis in crop plants;									
	Marker-a introgres	ssisted backcross sion;	breed	ing f	or r	apid					
	Genomic pyramidi	es- assisted breeding; C ng	Generati	on of E	DVs; C	Bene					
	Unit 2: (	6 hours)					CO2				
	Introduct	ion to Comparative Gen	omics;								
	Large sca	le genome sequencing s	strategie	s;							
	Human g	enome project;									
	Arabidop	sis genome project;			Arabidopsis genome project;						

Rice genome project; Comparative genomics tools:	
Introduction to proteomics:	
2D gel electrophoresis:	
Chromatography and sequencing by Edman degradation	
and mass spectrometry;	
Endopeptidases;	
Unit 3: (6 hours) Nanotechnology and its applications in crop improvement, Recombinant DNA technology, transgenes, Method of transformation, Selectable markers and clean transformation techniques, Vector-mediated gene transfer, Physical methods of gene transfer; Production of transgenic plants in various field crops: cotton, wheat, maize, rice, soybean, oilseeds, sugarcane, etc. and commercial releases	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
Biotechnology applications in male sterility/ hybrid	
breeding, molecular farming;	
Application of Tissue culture in molecular breeding;	
MOs and related issues (risk and regulations); GMO;	
International regulations, biosafety issues of GMOs;	
Regulatory procedures in major countries including	
India, ethical, legal and social issues;	
Intellectual property rights;	
Introduction to bioinformatics:	
Bioinformatics tools, biological data bases (primary and	
 secondary), implications in crop improvement.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Requirements for plant tissue culture laboratory;	
Techniques in plant tissue culture;	
Media components and media preparation;	
the contaminants occurring in media interpretations:	
Inoculation of explants, callus induction and plant	
regeneration;	
Standardizing the protocols for regeneration;	
Hardening of regenerated plants;	
Establishing a greenhouse and hardening procedures;	
Visit to commercial micropropagation unit;	
Transformation using Agrobacterium strains; GUS assay in transformed cells/ tissues;	

DNA isolation, DNA purity and quantification tests; Gel electrophoresis of proteins and isozymes,	
PCR-based DNA markers, gel scoring and data analysis for tagging and phylogenetic relationship;	
Construction of genetic linkage maps using computer software;	
NCBI Genomic Resources, GBFF, Swiss Prot, Blast n/ Blast p, Gene Prediction Tool, Expasy Resources, PUBMED and PMC, OMIM and OMIA, ORF finder;	
Comparative Genomic Resources: - Map Viewer (UCSC Browser and Ensembl);	
Primer designing- Primer 3/ Primer BLAST.	

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- 2. Brown TA. 1991. Essential Molecular Biology: a practical Approach. Oxford university press, 2002, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition
- 3. Chawala HS. 2000. Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Chopra VL and Nasim A. 1990. Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology: Concepts, Methods and Applications. Oxford & IBH.
- 5. Gupta PK. 1997. Elements of Biotechnology. Rastogi Publ.
- Hackett PB, Fuchs JA and Messing JW. 1988. An Introduction to Recombinant DNA Technology Basic Experiments in Gene Manipulation. 2nd Ed. Benjamin Publ. Co.
- 6. Jollès P and Jörnvall H. 2000. Proteomics in Functional Genomics: Protein Structure Analysis. Birkhäuser.
- 7. Lewin B. 2017. Genes XII. Jones & Bartlett learning, 2017.
- 8. Robert NT and Dennis JG. 2010. Plant Tissue Culture, Development, and Biotechnology. CRC Press.
- 9. Sambrook J and Russel D. 2001. Molecular Cloning a Laboratory Manual. 3rd Ed. Cold SpringHarbor Lab. Press.
- 10. Singh BD. 2005. Biotechnology, Expanding Horizons. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. Watson J. 2006. Recombinant DNA. Cold Spring harbor laboratory press.

Course Code	AGS524						
Course Title	Mutagen	Mutagenesis and Mutation Breeding					
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3	3					
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					
	CO1: II radiobiolo CO2: Eff level CO3: Cla on M1 an CO4: Kn role in cro	<ul> <li>CO1: Illustrate mutations, their detection, mutagenic agents and radiobiology</li> <li>CO2: Effect of radiation induced mutations and repair mechanism at DNA level</li> <li>CO3: Classification of chemical mutagens and effect of induced mutations on M1 and M2 generations</li> <li>CO4: Knowledge of mutation in genomics, allele mining and TILLING and role in creating variations</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( $\alpha$ Mutation macro mu Detection paramuta Mutageni ionising a $\beta$ particle Radiobio (photoele production relationsh	<b>Unit 1: (6 hours)</b> Mutation and its history, nature and classification of mutations: spontaneous and induced mutations, micro and macro mutations, pre and post adaptive mutations, Detection of mutations in lower and higher organisms, paramutations, Mutagenic agents: physical, radiation types and sources, ionising and non-ionizing radiations viz., X rays, $\gamma$ rays, $\alpha$ and $\beta$ particles, protons, neutrons and UV rays, Radiobiology: mechanism of action of various radiations, (photoelectric absorption, Compton scattering and pair production) and their biological effects, RBE and LET relationshing					CO1
	Unit 2: ( Effect of at DNA, the muta treatment	<b>6 hours)</b> mutations on DNA - re chromosome, cell and c tion effects, dosimetry , factors influencing m	epair me organisn 7, objec utation:	echanism 1 level t ts and dose ra	ns oper o count methoc ate, acu	ating eract ls of te vs	CO2

chronic irradiation, recurrent irradiation, enhancement of thermal neutron effects, radiation sensitivity and modifying factors: external and internal sources- oxygen, water content, temperature and nuclear volume.	
<b>Unit 3: (6 hours)</b> Chemical mutagens- classification, base analogues, antibiotics, alkylating agents, acridine dyes and other mutagens: their properties and mode of action, dose determination and factors influencing chemical mutagenesis, treatment methods using physical and chemical mutagens, combination treatments, other causes of mutation, direct and indirect action, comparative evaluation of physical and chemical mutagens. Observing mutagen effects in M1 generation: plant injury, lethality, sterility, chimeras etc., observing mutagen effects in M2 generation, estimation of mutagenic efficiency and effectiveness, spectrum of chlorophyll and viable mutations. Mutations in traits with continuous variation	CO3
<b>Unit 4: (6 hours)</b> Factors influencing the mutant spectrum: genotype, type of mutagen and dose, pleiotropy and linkage etc individual plant based mutation analysis and working out effectiveness and efficiency in M3 generation - comparative evaluation of physical and chemical mutagens for creation of variability in the same species – case studies. Use of mutagens in creating oligogenic and polygenic variations, case studies, in vitro mutagenesis, callus and pollen irradiation, handling of segregating generations and selection procedures, validation of mutants, mutation breeding for various traits (disease resistance, insect resistance, quality improvement etc.) in different crops- procedures for micro mutations breeding /polygenic mutations. Achievements of mutation breeding-varieties released across the world- problems associated with mutation breeding. Use of mutagens in genomics, allele mining, TILLING.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Precautions on handling of mutagens; Dosimetry - studies of different mutagenic agents: physical mutagens and chemical mutagens; Learning on radioactivity; production of source and isotopes at BRIT; Trombay;	

Learning about gamma chamber; radiation hazards; monitoring, safety regulations and safe transportation of radioisotopes;	
Visit to radio isotope laboratory; learning on safe disposal of radioisotopes.	
Hazards due to chemical mutagens, treating the plant propagules at different doses of physical and chemical mutagens;	
Procedure in combined mutagenic treatments; Raising the crop for observation.	
Mutagenic effectiveness and efficiency; calculating the same from earlier literature.	
Study of M1 generation, parameters to be observed;	
Study of M2 generation, parameters to be observed;	
Mutation breeding in cereals and pulses; Achievements made and an analysis,	
Mutation breeding in oilseeds and cotton. Achievements and opportunities,	
Mutation breeding in forage crops and vegetatively propagated crops;	
Procedure for detection of mutations for polygenic traits in M <sub>2</sub> and M <sub>3</sub> generations.	

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2. Chadwick KH & Leenhouts HP. 1981. The Molecular Theory of Radiation Biology. Springer-Verlag.

3. Cotton RGH, Edkin E & Forrest S. 2000. Mutation Detection: A Practical Approach, Oxford Univ. Press, USA.

4. International Atomic Energy Agency. 1970. Manual on Mutation Breeding. International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Italy.

5. Singh BD. 2003. Genetics. Kalyani.

6. Strickberger MW. 2005. Genetics (III Ed). Prentice Hall

7. Q.Y. Shu, B.P. Forster, H. Nakagawa (Ed). 2012. Plant Mutation Breeding and Biotechnology. Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria

8. Manual on Mutation Breeding. 1977. 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Atomic Energy in Food and Agriculture

Course Code	AGS525A						
Course Title	Crop Bro	eeding- II ( <i>Rabi</i> Crops)	)				
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					
	<ul> <li>CO1: Learn origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>Rabi</i> cereals</li> <li>CO2: Illustrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>Rabi</i> pulses</li> <li>CO3: Understand origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>Rabi</i> oilseed crops</li> <li>CO4: Demonstrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>Rabi</i> oilseed crops</li> </ul>						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Wheat: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.Oats: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, 				CO1		

	1
reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
Unit 2: (6 hours)	CO2
<ul> <li>Chickpea: Origin, evolution mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics- cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.</li> <li>Other pulses: Lentil, field pea, Rajma, Horse gram: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics- cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Interspecific crosses attempted and its implications, reasonsfor failure.</li> </ul>	
ways of overcoming them.	
Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
<b>Rapeseed and Mustard</b> : Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics –	
cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives; yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement of oil quality. <b>Sunflower, Safflower</b> : Origin, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics, cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives; yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement of oil quality. <b>Sunflower, Safflower</b> : Origin, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics, cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. <b>Unit 4: (6 hours)</b>	CO4

required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
<b>Forage crops</b> : Origin, evolution mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics–cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance.	
<b>Seed spices</b> : Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics– cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, scope of heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for crop improvement.	
Practical: (24 hours) Floral biology, emasculation and pollination techniques in wheat, oats, barley, chickpea, rajma, rapeseed mustard, sunflower; Study of range of variation for yield and yield components; Study of segregating populations in cereal, pulses and oilseed crops; Use of descriptors for cataloguing; Learning on the crosses between different species; Trait based screening for stress resistance; Learning on the Standard Evaluation System (SES) and descriptors; Use of software for database management and retrieval.	

- 1. Agarwal RL. 1996. Identifying Characteristics of Crop Varieties. Oxford & IBH.
- 2. Bahl PN & Salimath PM. 1996. Genetics, Cytogenetics and Breeding of Crop Plants. Vol. I. Pulses and Oilseeds. Oxford & IBH.

3. Chahal GS & Ghosal SS. 2002. Principles and Procedures of Plant Breeding - Biotechnological and Conventional Approaches. Narosa Publ.

- 4. Chopra VL. 1997. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- 5. Nath V & Lal C. 1995. Oilseeds in India. Westvill Publ. House.
- 6. Nigam J. 1996. Genetic Improvement of Oilseed Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Ram HH & Singh HG. 1993. Crop Breeding and Genetics. Kalyani.
- 8. Singh DP. 1991. Genetics and Breeding of Pulse Crops. Kalyani.
- 9. Singh HG, Mishra SN, Singh TB, Ram HH & Singh DP. (Eds.). 1994. Crop Breeding in India. International Book Distributing Co.

10. Smartt J. 1994. The Groundnut Crop - A Scientific Basis for Improvement. Chapman & Hall.

Course Code	AGS526A							
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding for Quality and Special traits						
Hours	45 L:0, '	45 L:0, T:0, P:6						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:						
	CO1: U biomolec CO2: Ex CO3: Lea CO4: Ill sugarcane	<ul> <li>CO1: Understand developmental biochemistry and genetics of biomolecules</li> <li>CO2: Explain breeding method for quality improvement in field crops</li> <li>CO3: Learn breeding strategies for quality improvement in millets</li> <li>CO4: Illustrate breeding methodologies for improving quality traits in sugarcane and potato</li> </ul>						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical	1		1	1	1	
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	·					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Developm proteins, factors, breeding golden achievem basis of harvest m	<b>Unit 1: (6 hours)</b> Developmental biochemistry and genetics of carbohydrates, proteins, fats, vitamins, amino acids and anti-nutritional factors, nutritional improvement, a human perspective, breeding for grain quality parameters in rice and its analysis, golden rice and aromatic rice, breeding strategies, achievements and application in Indian context, molecular basis of quality traits and their manipulation in rice, post-harvest manipulation for quality improvement					CO1	
	<b>Unit 2: (6 hours)</b> Breeding for baking qualities in wheat, characters to be considered and breeding strategies, molecular and cytogenetic manipulation for quality improvement in wheat, breeding for quality improvement in barley and oats.					CO2		
	breeding for quality improvement in barley and oats. <b>Unit 3: (6 hours)</b> Breeding for quality improvement in Sorghum and pearl millet, quality protein maize, concept and breeding strategies, breeding for quality improvement in forage crops, genetic resource management for sustaining nutritive quality in crops.					CO3		

<b>Unit 4: (9 hours)</b> Breeding for quality in pulses, in groundnut, sesame, sunflower and minor oilseeds, molecular basis of fat formation and manipulation to achieve more PUFA in oil crops, genetic manipulation for quality improvement in cotton. Genetic engineering protocols for quality improvement, achievements made, value addition in crops, classification and importance, nutritional genomics and second generation transgenics.	CO4
<b>Practical</b> Grain quality evaluation in rice; correlating ageing and quality improvement in rice;	
Quality analysis in millets;	
Estimation of anti- nutritional factors like tannins in different varieties/hybrids; a comparison;	
Quality parameters evaluation in wheat;	
Quality parameters evaluation in pulses,	
Quality parameters evaluation in oilseeds;	
Value addition in crop plants;	
Post-harvest processing of major field crops;	
Quality improvement in crops through tissue culture techniques;	
Evaluating the available populations like RIL, NIL etc. for quality improvement using MAS procedures Successful example of application of MAS for quality trait in rice, mustard, maize, etc.	

- 1. Chahal GS & Ghosal SS. 2002. Principles and Procedures of Plant Breeding -Biotechnological and Conventional Approaches. Narosa Publ.
- 2. Chopra VL. 1997. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- 3. FAO 2001. Speciality Rices of the World Breeding, Production and Marketing. Oxford & IBH.
- 4. Ghosh P. 2004. Fibre Science and Technology. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Hay RK. 2006. Physiology of Crop Yield. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Blackwell.
- 6. Nigam J. 1996. Genetic Improvement of Oilseed Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Singh BD. 2015. Plant Breeding. Kalyani.
- 8. Singh RK, Singh UK & Khush GS. 2000. Aromatic Rice. Oxford & IBH.

Course Code	AGS527A						
Course Title	Hybrid F	Breeding					
Hours	48 L:24,	, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:					wing
	CO1: Un CO2: De CO3: Illu productio CO4: He	derstand the concept of monstrate the use of he istrate the role of male in terosis breeding in cere	heteros terosis in sterility al and o	is and it n hybrid and self ilseed cr	s histor l seed p f-incom rops	roductio patibili	ects on ty in hybrid
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Historica of heter populati selfing asexuall physiolo underlin	Unit 1: (6 hours)CHistorical aspect of heterosis, nomenclature and definitions of heterosis, heterosis in natural population and inbred population, evolutionary aspects, genetic consequences of selfing and crossing in self-and cross-pollinated and asexually propagated crops. Genetic basis of heterosis, physiological, biochemical and molecular factors underlining heterosis, evolutionary appears of heterosis					CO1
	Unit 2: (6 hours) Prediction of heterosis from various crosses, inbreeding depression, frequency of inbreeding and residual heterosis in F2 and segregating populations, importance of inbreeding in exploitation of heterosis, case studies, relationship between genetic distance and expression of heterosis, case studies. Divergence and genetic distance analyses- morphological and molecular genetic distance in predicting heterosis, development of heterotic pools in germplasm/genetic stocks and inbreds, their improvement for increasing heterosis.						CO2
	Unit 3: ( Types of mainten	<b>5 hours</b> ) of male sterility and ance, transfer and resto	use in oration of	heteros of differ	is bree ent typ	ding, es of	CO3

male sterility, use of self-incompatibility in development of hybrids, hybrid seed production system: 3-line, 2-line and 1- line system, development of inbreds and parental lines- A, B and R lines- functional male sterility, commercial exploitation of heterosis- maintenance breeding of parental lines in hybrids.	
<b>Unit 4: (6 hours)</b> Fixation of heterosis in self, cross and often cross- pollinated crops, asexually/clonally propagated crops, male sterile line creation and diversification in self-pollinated, cross pollinated and asexually propagate crops, problems and prospects, apomixes in fixing heterosis-concept of single line hybrid. Organellar heterosis and complementation, creation of male sterility through genetic engineering and its exploitation in heterosis. Heterosis breeding in wheat, rice, cotton, maize, pearl millet, sorghum and oilseed crops.	CO4
<ul> <li>Practical: (24 hours)</li> <li>Selection indices and selection differential; calculations and interpretations;</li> <li>Male sterile line characterization in millets; using morphological descriptors;</li> <li>Restorer line identification and diversification of male sterile sources;</li> <li>Male sterile line creation in dicots comprising oilseeds, pulses and cotton;</li> <li>Problems in creation of CGMS system; ways of overcoming them;</li> <li>Male sterile line creation; diversification and restoration in forage crops;</li> <li>Understanding the difficulties in breeding apomicts;</li> <li>Estimation of heterotic parameters in self, cross and asexually propagated crops;</li> <li>Estimation from the various models for heterosis parameters;</li> <li>Hybrid seed production in field crops; an account on the released hybrids; their potential; problems and ways of overcoming it;</li> <li>Hybrid breeding at National and International level; opportunities ahead.</li> </ul>	

- 1. Abstracts of the Genetics and Exploitation of Heterosis in Crops An International Symposium CIMMYT.
- 2. Akin E. 1979. The Geometry of Population Genetics. Springer-Verlag.
- 3. Ben Hiu Lin. 1998. Statistical Genomics–Linkage, Mapping and QTL Analysis. CRC Press.
- 4. De Joung G. 1988. Population Genetics and Evolution. Springer-Verlag.
- 5. Hartl DL. 2000. A Primer of Population Genetics. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed. Sinauer Assoc.
- 6. Mettler LE and Gregg TG. 1969. Population Genetics and Evolution. Prentice Hall.
- 7. Montgomery DC. 2001. Design and Analysis of Experiments. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Wiley & Sons.
- 8. Richards AJ. 1986. Plant Breeding Systems. George Allen & Unwin.
- 9. Srivastava S and Tyagi R. 1997. Selected Problems in Genetics. Vols. I, II. Anmol Publ.

Course Code	AGS528	AGS528A					
Course Title	Varietal	Development and Mai	ntenan	ce Bree	ding		
Hours	36 L:12	, T:0, P:24					
Credits	2						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	ompletion of the course, ge and skills:	the stuc	lent will	gain th	e follov	wing
	CO1: Un CO2: De for variet CO3: Illu pulses CO4: Illu forage creation	<ul> <li>CO1: Understand the procedure of varietal development and maintenance</li> <li>CO2: Demonstrate the procedure of DUS testing and factors responsible for varietal deterioration</li> <li>CO3: Illustrate quality seed production technology in cereals, millets and pulses</li> <li>CO4: Illustrate quality seed production technology in oilseeds, fibre and forage crops</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( Variety cultivar, independ variety, notificat	<b>3 hours)</b> development and main extant variety, ess dently derived variety, hybrid and population, ion systems in India and	tenance, sentially reference Variety l abroad	definit deriv ce varie testing,	ion- van ed van ty, farr release	riety, riety, ners' 2 and	CO1
	Unit 2: (3	3 hours)					CO2
	DUS testing- DUS Descriptors for major crops, Genetic purity concept and maintenance breeding. Factors responsible for genetic deterioration of varieties, safeguards during seed production, maintenance of varieties in self and cross-pollination crops, isolation distance, principles of seed production						
	Unit 3: (2 Methods Generati foundati self and (wheat, 1 etc.), pu	<b>3 hours)</b> s of nucleus and l ion system of seed multi on, certified, quality see cross- pollinated crop va barley, paddy, pearlmill ilses (greengram, black	breeder plicatio ed produ arieties o et, sorgl	seed n, nucle nction te <i>viz</i> . ceres hum, ma cowpea,	produc us, bree chnolog als & m aize and pigeon	tion. ders, gy of illets l ragi npea,	CO3

chickpea, fieldpea, lentil)	
<b>Unit 4: (3 hours)</b> Generation system of seed multiplication, nucleus, breeders, foundation, certified, quality seed production technology of self and cross-pollinated crop varieties <i>viz</i> . oilseeds (groundnut, soybean, sesame, castor, sunflower, safflower, linseed, rapeseed and mustard), fibres (cotton, jute) and forages (guar, forage sorghum, teosinte, oats, berseem, lucerne)., seed certification procedures, seed laws and plant variety protection regulations in India and international systems.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Identification of suitable areas/locations for seed production; Ear-to-row method and nucleus seed production, Main characteristics of released and notified varieties; hybrids and parental lines; Identification of important weeds/objectionable weeds; Determination of isolation distance and planting ratios in different crops; Seed production techniques of varieties in different crops; Hybrid seed production technology of important crops DUS testing and descriptors in major crops; Variety release proposal formats in different crops.	

- 1. Agarwal RL. 1997. Seed Technology. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Oxford & IBH.
- 2. Chhabra AK. 2006. Practical Manual of Floral Biology of Crop Plants. Department of Plant Breeding. CCS HAU Hisar.
- 3. Kelly AF. 1988. Seed Production of Agricultural Crops. Longman.
- 4. McDonald MB Jr & Copeland LO. 1997. Seed Production: Principles and Practices. Chapman & Hall.
- 5. Musil AF. 1967. Identification of Crop and Weed Seeds. Handbook No. 219, USDA, Washington, DC.
- 6. Poehlman JM & Borthakur D. 1969. Breeding Asian Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Singh BD. 2015. Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani.
- 8. Thompson JR. 1979. An Introduction to Seed Technology. Leonard Hill.
- 9. Tunwar NS & Singh SV. 1985. Handbook of Cultivars. ICAR.

Course Code	AGS529	AGS529A					
Course Title	Genetic e	enhancement for PGR	Utilizat	tion			
Hours	36 L:12,	T:0, P:24					
Credits	2						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co Knowled CO1: Un CO2: De in pre bre CO3: Illu and breed CO4: Cy barriers in	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following Knowledge and skills: <b>CO1:</b> Understand the concept of gene pool and pre breeding programme <b>CO2:</b> Demonstrate handling and maintenance of crop wild relatives for use in pre breeding <b>CO3:</b> Illustrate different screening techniques to identify resistant sources and breeding methods for trait transfer <b>CO4:</b> Cytological approaches for gene transfer and pre and post zygotic barriers in wide hybridization					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (3 Concepts breeding. and man successfu	<b>3 hours)</b> of gene pools; Intro Role of crop wild relat naging variation, bas l pre-breeding program	oductior tives, se ic con nme.	n, poter emi exc cepts t	ntial of otics, cr to set	f pre- eating up a	CO1
	Unit 2: (3 Understau CWRs, impedim adjustme amphidip germplas	<b>Unit 2: (3 hours)</b> Understanding crop adaptation, handling and maintenance of CWRs, synchronization of flowering, overcoming impediments to flowering through photoperiodic adjustments, role of other barriers to flowering, role of amphidiploids, semi exotic and other unadapted germplasm					CO2
	germplasm. Unit 3: (3 hours) Identifying desirable traits in natural populations, screening for biotic and abiotic stress resistance traits; screening of nutritionally important traits, genetic analysis to understand the inheritance of novel traits. Parental selection for prebreeding, search for superior genotypes, breeding methods for trait transfer; moving the genes - unadapted to adapted, wide hybridization. Incongruity and					CO3	

its management, modern tools for incongruity management,	
Unit 4: (3 hours) Cytogenetical approaches for gene transfer such as alien addition and substitution, segregating populations and their management in wide crosses, purging the undesirable traits, testing and improving the adaptability of wide cross derivatives, cytological studies, florescence microscopy, embryo rescue methods, pollen physiology and storage, pollen storage methods to facilitate wide hybridization, pre- and post- zygotic barriers.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Characterization of CWRs by visiting the fields; Screening methods for special traits-biotic and abiotic resistance; Screening for nutritional traits; Crossability studies in CWRs of cereals, legumes, oilseeds, vegetables Assessment of pre and post-zygotic barriers in wide hybridization crosses; Pollen storage studies; Special requirements for growing CWRs, inducing flowering by manipulating day length, temperature, chemical spraying, etc.	

1. Andey Pereira. 2006. Plant Reverse Genetics, Methods and Protocols, Humana Press

2. Bisht et al. 2004. Broadening the genetic base of sesame (Sesamum indicum L.) through geneticenhancement. Plant Genetic Resources 2(3): 143–151.

3. Dale JW and von Schantz M. 2007. From genes to genomes. Concepts and applications of DNA technology. John Wiley & Sons Ltd., Chichester, England.

4. Duvick DN. 1990. Genetic enhancement and plant breeding. p. 90–96. In: J. Janick and J.E. Simon (eds.), Advances in new crops. Timber Press, Portland.

5. Goodman, RM. 2004. Encyclopedia of plant and crop science. Marcel Dekker Inc., Switzerland.

6. Kimber, G and Feldman, M. 1987. Wild Wheat: An introduction. Special report 353, College of Agriculture, University of Missouri-Columbia.

7. Lynch M. and Walsh B. 1998. Genetics and analysis of quantitative traits. Sinauer Associates Inc., MA, USA.

8. Murphy D. 2007. Plant breeding and biotechnology: Societal context and the future of agriculture. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.

9. Ram JS. 2010. Plant Cytogenetics. CRC Press.

10. Ramanatha Rao V, Brown AHD, Jackson M. 2001. Managing Plant Genetic Diversity. CABI publication.

11. Sharma S, Upadhyaya HD, Varshney RK, et al. 2013. Pre-breeding for diversification

of primary gene pool and genetic enhancement of grain legumes. Front. Plant Sci. 4: 309. 12. Yunbi Xu. 2010. Molecular plant breeding, CABI publishers

e- Resources

 $https://www.integratedbreedPlaning.net/pre-breeding-effective-use-plant-genetic-resources \ http://www.croptrust.org/$ 

http://www.bioversityinternational.org/training/training\_materials/pre\_breeding.htm http://www.grdc.com.au/director/research/prebreeding

Course Code	AGS501						
Course Title	Library a	nd Information Services					
Hours	24 L:0, 7	T:1, P:2					
Credits	1						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	empletion of the course, ge and skills:	the stud	lent will	gain tł	ne follov	wing
	CO1: To CO2: To indexing CO3: To CO4: To resources	<ul> <li>CO1: To study about library, its role, classification and organization.</li> <li>CO2: To study about source of information, intricacies of abstracting and indexing services</li> <li>CO3: To study about tracing information from reference sources</li> <li>CO4: To study about use of Internet including search engines and its resources; e-resources access methods</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory/ F	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical				
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	0	20%	0	30%	0	50%	0
Examination Mode	Theory/ F	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical				
Syllabus	Unit 1: (4 • Introd educa system	<b>4 hours)</b> luction to library and its tion, research and techn ns and organization of l	s service ology tr ibrary	s; Role cansfer;	of libra Classif	ries in ication	CO1
	<ul> <li>Unit 2: (6 hours)</li> <li>Sources of information- Primary Sources, Secondary Sources and Tertiary Sources; Intricacies of abstracting and indexing services (Science Citation Index, Biological Abstracts, Chemical Abstracts, CABI Abstracts, etc.)</li> </ul>					CO2	
	<ul> <li>Unit 3: (8 hours)</li> <li>Tracing information from reference sources; Literature survey; Citation techniques/Preparation of bibliography; Use of CD-ROM Databases, Online Public Access Catalogue and other computerized library services</li> </ul>				CO3		
	Unit 4: (( • Use o e-reso	<b>6 hours)</b> f Internet including sea ources access methods.	rch engi	nes and	its reso	ources;	CO4

# **Suggested Readings:**

1. Wu Diana Yuhfen and Liu Mengxiong. 2001. Academic librarianship: changing roles in the digital age. Available at http://www.sssu.edu/ridwu/academic librarianship P&F. Accessed March 10, 2008

- 2. Library.2004. Encyclopedia Britannica premium service http://www.britannica.com/eb/ article eu=09616. Accessed March 10, 2008
- 3. Young, P.V. (1984). Scientific social survey and research. Rev. 4th Ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 4. https://guides.library.manoa.hawaii.edu/PlantPath/Books
- 5. https://unl.libguides.com/c.php?g=51695&p=334113
- 6. https://libraries.unl.edu/citation-tools

Course Code	AGS503	AGS503					
Course Title	Intellectu	al Property and its M	anagen	nent in A	Agricul	ture	
Hours	12 L:	12, T: 0, P: 0					
Credits	1						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co Knowled	mpletion of the course, ge and skills:	the stuc	lent will	gain th	e follov	wing
	CO1: Un CO2: Le context CO3: Le CO4: Av	<ul> <li>CO1: Understand the concept and historical aspects of IPRs</li> <li>CO2: Learn the legislation for protection of intellectual properties in India context</li> <li>CO3: Learn about the protection of biological materials</li> <li>CO4: Aware of international treaties and licensing agreements</li> </ul>					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (A Historica Intellectu provision Intellectu	<b>3 hours)</b> l perspectives and new al Property Right reg s in TRIPS Agreemen al Property Rights (IPR	ed for gime; 7 t; Intell ), benef	the intr FRIPs a ectual F its of sec	oductio and va Property curing I	n of rious and PRs;	CO1
	Unit 2: ( Indian La Intellectu geograph and tradi varieties	<b>Unit 2: (3 hours)</b> Indian Legislations for the protection of various types of Intellectual Properties; Fundamentals of patents, copyrights, geographical indications, designs and layout, trade secrets and traditional knowledge, trademarks, protection of plant varieties and farmers' rights and bio- diversity protection					
	Unit 3: (.	3 hours)					CO3
	Protectable subject matters, protection in biotechnology, protection of other biological materials, ownership and period of protection; National Biodiversity protection initiatives; Convention on Biological Diversity.						
	Unit 4: (3 Internation Agricultur Agreeme	<b>3 hours)</b> onal Treaty on Plant Gen are; Licensing of tech nts, Research collabor	etic Res nologies ation A	sources f s, Mate Agreeme	for Food rial tra ent, Lic	l and nsfer cense	CO4

Agreement.	

- 1. Erbisch FH & Maredia K.1998. Intellectual Property Rights in Agricultural Biotechnology. CABI.
- 2. Ganguli P. 2001. Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing Knowledge Economy. McGraw Hill.
- 3. Intellectual Property Rights: Key to New Wealth Generation. 2001. NRDC & Aesthetic Technologies.

4. Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. 2004. State of Indian Farmer. Vol. V. echnology Generation and IPR Issues. Academic Foundation.

- 5. Rothschild M & Scott N. (Ed.). 2003. Intellectual Property Rights in Animal Breeding and Genetics. CABI.
- 6. Saha R. (Ed.). 2006. Intellectual Property Rights in NAM and Other Developing Countries: A Compendium on Law and Policies. Daya Publ. House.
- The Indian Acts Patents Act, 1970 and amendments; Design Act, 2000; Trademarks Act, 1999; The Copyright Act, 1957 and amendments; Layout Design Act, 2000; PPV and FR Act 2001, and Rules 2003; National Biological Diversity Act, 2003.

Course Code	AGS504	AGS504					
Course Title	Basic Cor	ncepts in Laboratory Tec	chniques				
Hours	24 L:0,	T:1, P:2					
Credits	2						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg CO1: To substance CO2: To solution CO3: To CO4: To sterilizati	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: <b>CO1:</b> To teach students about safety measures in lab, handing of chemical substances <b>CO2:</b> To teach students about handling, weighing and preparation of solution <b>CO3:</b> To teach students about use and handling of lab equipment <b>CO4:</b> To teach students about preparation of media and methods of sterilization, seed viability testing					
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical	-	•	•	
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	0	20%	0	30%	0	50%	0
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical				
Syllabus	Unit 1: ( • Safet substa flasks wash	<b>6 hours)</b> y measures while in ances; Use of burettes, p s, separatory funnel, ing, drying and sterilizat	Lab; H bipettes, conder tion of g	andling measur isers, i lasswar	of ch ing cyl nicropi e.	emical inders, pettes,	CO1
	Unit 2: (( • Dryir soluti • Hand agro-	<ul> <li>Unit 2: (6 hours)</li> <li>Drying of solvents/chemicals. Weighing and preparation of solutions of different strengths and their dilution</li> <li>Handling techniques of solutions; Preparation of different agro-chemical doses in field and pot applications</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Unit 3: (6 hours)</li> <li>Preparation of solutions of acids; Neutralization of acid and bases; preparation of buffers of different strengths and pH values. Use and handling of microscope, laminar flow, vacuum pumps, viscometer, thermometer, magnetic stirrer, micro-ovens, incubators, sand bath, water bath, oil bath; Electric wiring and earthing</li> </ul>					CO3	
	Unit 4: (0 • Prepa viabil of cro terms	<b>6 hours)</b> aration of media and m lity testing, testing of po op plants; Description of in relation to taxonomy	ethods ollen via floweri	of steril bility; 7 ng plant	lization Fissue ts in bo	; Seed culture tanical	CO4

## **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Furr AK. 2000. CRC Hand Book of Laboratory Safety. CRC Press.
- Gabb MH and Latchem WE. 1968. A Handbook of Laboratory Solutions. Chemical Publ. Co.

Course Code	AGS505						
Course Title	Agricult	ural Research, Ethics a	and Ru	ral Dev	elopme	ntal Pr	ogrammes
Hours	12 L:	12, T: 0, P: 0					
Credits	1						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co Knowled	ompletion of the course, ge and skills:	the stuc	lent will	l gain th	ne follov	wing
	CO1: Un CO2: Lea CO3: Lea CO4: Illi policies a	derstand the role of glo arn the role of Internation arn about rural develops ustrate the constraints and programmes	bal agric onal Agric nent po in impl	cultural ricultura licies an ementat	researcl ll Resea d progr ion of	h syster rch Cer ammes rural d	n 1tre evelopment
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Unit 1: (3 hours) History of Agriculture in brief; Global Agricultural research system: need, scope, opportunities; Role in promoting food security, reducing poverty and protecting the environment; National Agricultural Research Systems (NARS) and Regional Agricultural Research Institutions; Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGLAR)					CO1	
	Unit 2: (3 hours) International Agricultural Research Centres (IARC), partnership with NARS, role as a partner in the global Agricultural research system, strengthening capacities at national and regional levels; International fellowships for scientific mobility. Research ethics: research integrity, research safety in laboratories, welfare of animals used in research, computer ethics, standards and problems in						CO2
	Unit 3: (3 Concept developi program Agricult Specific	<b>3 hours)</b> and connotations of nent policies and stra s: Community Develop ural District Programm Programme, Integra	rural tegies. ment Pr ne, Spe ated R	develop Rural o ogramn cial gro	oment, levelop ne, Inter oup – Develop	rural ment nsive Area ment	CO3

Trogramme (IRDT),	
Unit 4: (3 hours)CO4Panchayati Raj Institutions, Co-operatives, Voluntary Agencies/Non-Governmental Organisations, Critical evaluation of rural development policies and programs. Constraints in implementation of rural policies andCO4	ļ

- 1. Bhalla GS & Singh G. 2001. Indian Agriculture Four Decades of Development. Sage Publ.
- 2. Punia MS. Manual on International Research and Research Ethics. CCS, Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar.
- 3. Rao BSV. 2007. Rural Development Strategies and Role of Institutions Issues, Innovations and Initiatives. Mittal Publ.
- 4. Singh K. 1998. Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management. Sage Publ.

Course Code	ENG551						
Course Title	Technica	Technical Writing and Communications Skills					
Hours	24 L:0, '	T:0, P:2					
Credits	1						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg CO1: To and comr CO2: To citations of CO3: To Skills - G CO4: To	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: <b>CO1:</b> To teach students about technical writing and various parts of thesis and communication. <b>CO2:</b> To teach students about writing of abstracts, summaries, précis, citations etc. <b>CO3:</b> To teach students about writing of a review article. Communication Skills - Grammar <b>CO4:</b> To teach students about accentual pattern					
Examination Type	Theory/ H	Practical/ Theory + Pract	tical				
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	0	20%	0	30%	0	50	0
Examination Mode	Practical				-		
Syllabus	Unit 1: (0 • Techn theses parts autho literat discus	<ul> <li>Unit 1: (6 hours)</li> <li>Technical Writing - Various forms of scientific writings- theses, technical papers, reviews, manuals, etc; Various parts of thesis and research communications (title page, authorship, contents page, preface, introduction, review of literature, material and methods, experimental results and discussion);</li> </ul>					
	Unit 2: (( • Writin comm with s illustr write-	<b>6 hours)</b> ng of abstracts, summ nonly used abbreviation nunications; Illustrations suitable captions; pagina rations; Writing of nun -ups; Editing and proof-	naries, p is in the s, photo ition, nu nbers ar reading;	orécis, c e thesis graphs mbering nd dates	citation and re and dra g of tabl s in sci	s etc.; search awings les and entific	CO2
	Unit 3: (( • Writing Grammarks Collo	<b>5 hours)</b> ng of a review articl mar (Tenses, parts of s); Error analysis (C cation; Phonetic symbol	e. Com speech, Commor ls and tr	imunica clauses errors anscript	tion S , punct s); Co ion;	kills - tuation ncord;	CO3
	Unit 4: ((	δ hours)					CO4

•	Accentual pattern: Weak forms in connected speech:	
	Participation in group discussion: Facing an interview;	
	presentation of scientific papers.	

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Chicago Manual of Style. 14th Ed. 1996. Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Collins' Cobuild English Dictionary. 1995. Harper Collins.
- 3. Gordon HM & Walter JA. 1970. Technical Writing. 3rd Ed. Holt, Rinehart & Winston.
- 4. Gupta RH. 2010. Essentials of Communication. 7th Ed. Pragati Prakashan. Hornby AS. Comp. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English. 6th Ed. Oxford University Press.
- 5. James HS. 1994. Handbook for Technical Writing. NTC Business Books.
- 6. Joseph G. 2000. MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers. 5th Ed. Affiliated East West Press.
- 7. Mohan K. 2005. Speaking English Effectively. MacMillan India.
- 8. Richard WS. 1969. Technical Writing. Barnes & Noble.
- 9. Robert C. (Ed.). 2005. Spoken English: Flourish Your Language. Abhishek.
- 10. Sethi J & Dhamija PV. 2004. Course in Phonetics and Spoken English. 2nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India

Course Code	EVS658						
Course Title	Disaster I	Management					
Hours	12 L:1,	T:0, P:0					
Credits	1						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg CO1: To warming CO2: To pollution CO3: To	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: <b>CO1:</b> To study about natural disasters, floods and drought etc and global warming <b>CO2:</b> To teach students about man-made disasters, different type of pollution				wing und global pe of	
	<b>CO4:</b> To forces in	teach students about Co Disaster response	ommuni	ty-based	l organi	zations	and armed
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical				
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	10%	25%	0	50%	0	5%
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical		·		
Syllabus	Unit 1: (. • Natura their Eartho Heat a Sea Le	<b>3 hours)</b> al Disasters- Meaning and types and effects. uakes, Landslides, Ava and cold Waves, Clima evel rise, Ozone Depleti	nd natur Floods, alanches tic Char on.	e of nat Droug , Volca nge: Glo	ural dis ht, Cy nic eruj bal wa	asters, vclone, ptions, rming,	CO1
	Unit 2: (A Man M biolog fire, ai wastev accide	<b>3 hours)</b> <i>A</i> ade Disasters- Nuclear <i>i</i> cal disasters, building <i>i</i> r pollution, water pollu vater pollution, road a nts, sea accidents	disaster fire, coa tion, de accident	rs, chem al fire, f forestati s, rail	ical dis orest fi ion, Ind acciden	asters, re. Oil ustrial ts, air	CO2
	Unit 3: ( Disast at nat Disast nation arrang	<b>3 hours)</b> er Management- Efforts ional and global level er reduction. Concep al disaster managen ements; role of NGOs	s to miti s. Intern t of d nent fr	igate na national isaster camewon	tural di Strate manag rk; fir	sasters gy for ement, nancial	CO3
	Unit 4: (. • Comm Distric respon	<b>3 hours</b> ) nunity-based organization of and local Administrat use; Disaster response: F	ons, and ion; Arr Police an	media. ned forc id other	Central, es in D organiz	State, isaster ations	CO4

### Suggested Readings

1. Gupta HK. 2003. Disaster Management. Indian National Science Academy. Orient Blackswan.

- 2. Hodgkinson PE & Stewart M. 1991. Coping with Catastrophe: A Handbook of Disaster Management. Routledge.
- 3. Sharma VK. 2001. Disaster Management. National Centre for Disaster Management, India.

Course Code	MTH67(	)					
Course Title	Statistica	I Methods for Applied Se	ciences				
Hours	60 L:3,	T:0, P:1					
Credits	4						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:				wing	
	<ul> <li>CO1: To teach students about different statistical methods and classifications</li> <li>CO2: To teach students about measures of central tendency and measure of dispersion</li> <li>CO3: To teach students about theory of probability</li> <li>CO4: To teach students about different distributions, their applications and statistical tests</li> </ul>						
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical	1	1	1	1
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical				
Syllabus	Unit 1: (9 Classi data. Box-p	<b>9 hours)</b> fication, tabulation and lot, Descriptive statistic	graphies. Explo	cal, repr	resentat lata ana	tion of lysis	CO1
	Unit 2: (9 Meas Geon Meas devia	<b>9 hours)</b> ures of central tender netric mean, Harmonic r ures of Dispersion- Rar tion, Standard deviation	ncy- Mo mean. nge, Qua	ean, Mo artile de	edian, viation,	Mode, Mean	CO2
	Unit 3: (9 • Theoret • Discrete Correct	9 hours) ry of probability. Rando ctation. ete and continuous elation and regression	om varia proba	ble and	mather distrib	natical utions.	CO3
	Unit 4: (9 Binon distri applic Conc distri squar	<b>9 hours</b> ) mial, Poisson, Neg bution, Beta and Gan cations. ept of sampling distri butions. Tests of signifi e, t and F distributions.	ative nma dis bution: cance b	Binomi stributio chi-squ ased on	ial, N ons and are, t Norma	Vormal I their and F al, chi-	CO4

Practical (24 hours)	
Exploratory data analysis, Box-Cox plots; Fitting of distributions ~ Binomial, Poisson, Negative Binomial, Normal:	
Large sample tests, testing of hypothesis based on exact	
sampling distributions-chi square, t and F; Confidence interval	
estimation and point estimation of parameters of binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution: Correlation and regression	
analysis, fitting of orthogonal polynomial regression; applications of dimensionality reduction and discriminant	
function analysis; Nonparametric tests.	

### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Anderson TW. 1958. An Introduction to Multivariate Statistical Analysis. John Wiley.
- 2. Goon AM, Gupta MK & Dasgupta B. 1977. An Outline of Statistical Theory. Vol. I
- 3. Goon AM, Gupta MK & Dasgupta B. 1983. Fundamentals of Statistics. Vol. I.
- 4. Hoel PG. 1971. Introduction to Mathematical Statistics. John Wiley.