DAV UNIVERSITY JALANDHAR



FACULTY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

COURSE CURRICULUM

FOR

M.Sc. Ag. (Genetics & Plant Breeding) 1st to 4th SEMESTER Examinations 2022-2023 session onwards

Applicable for admissions in 2022

Vision of the Department:

Develop human resource to be able to cater to the needs of stakeholders in academia, industry and public/private sector for achieving livelihood security through sustainable agriculture.

Mission of the Department:

- Developing excellence in agriculture education and emerging as leader
- Imparting education to foster inter- disciplinary approach for sustainable agriculture
- Training manpower for upcoming challenges in agriculture with an aim at resource conservation and enhancing farm income

Programme Educational Objectives

- **PEO 1** Enhance the students' understanding of plant breeding and genetics principles and enable them to apply this knowledge to solve real world problems in crop improvement.
- **PEO 2** Develop practical and research skills in plant breeding and genetics to design and conduct experiments, analyze data and interpret results.
- **PEO 3** Foster critical thinking, problem-solving, and decision-making abilities to develop human resource to take informed decisions in plant science context.
- **PEO 4** Encourage interdisciplinary collaboration and professional development to make students understand the importance of ethics, sustainability and global food security in their work.
- Instructional Methods: Power point presentation Chalk and Board Smart board Lectures Assignments, quiz Group tasks, student's presentations
- Name of the Programme:
 M. Sc. Agriculture (Genetics & Plant Breeding)

* Key Facts & Figures (about the Programme)

- Type: Masters
- o Degree: M. Sc. Agriculture (Genetics & Plant Breeding)
- Eligibility: B.Sc. (Agriculture /Horticulture with a minimum CGPA of 6.50 in 10 point scale, 3.25 in 5 point scale or 2.60 in 4 point scale (60% marks if CGPA is not given). For SC/ST candidates, a minimum CGPA of 5.50 in 10 point scale, 2.75 in 5 point scale or 2.20 in 4 point scale (50% marks where CGPA is not given)
- Mode of study: Full-time
- Medium of Instruction: English
- \circ Credit Points: 40 + 30

- o Location: DAV University Campus
- Start date: July-August

***** Overview of the Programme

A master's degree in Genetics and Plant Breeding is a two-year postgraduate study in agriculture. Genetics and Plant Breeding is a rapidly growing field of contemporary biology and modify plant features to create desirable qualities and, as a result, increase the quality of nutrition in human and animal products are covered in the curriculum. Students will largely learn various techniques for developing improved varieties and genetic stocks, changing the genetic make-up of plants and developing innovative breeding strategies to increase food, feed, and fibre production.

During the study, students would gain theoretical and practical knowledge of crop improvement methods and strategies for the improvement of cereals, pulses, oilseeds and forage crops. Students would also learn innovative techniques like marker assisted selection, QTL mapping and allele mining. Practical training in laboratories and fields is an integral part of this programme. Students would conduct research experiments and write thesis to complete the requirement of Master's degree. Students would interact with the breeders and scientists of other state research universities and private seed industries.

✤ The programme outline

(i) Course work	
Major courses	20
Minor courses	08
Supporting course	06
Common courses	05
Seminar	01
(ii) Thesis Research	30
Total	70

Scheme of Courses M. Sc. Ag. (Genetics & Plant Breeding) Semester 1

S. No.	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Τ	Р	Cr
1	AGS 511	Principles of Genetics	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS 512	Principles of Plant Breeding	Major	2	0	1	3
3	CSA 559	Computer fundamentals and programming	Supporting Course	2	0	1	3
4		Departmental elective- I	Major	2	0	1	3
5		Departmental elective- II	Major	2	0	1	3
6		Open elective or Interdisciplinary elective-I	Minor	2	0	1	3
	Total			12		6	18

Outline of the Courses

Departmental Elective- I & II (Choose any two course)

S. No	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	Р	Cr
1	AGS513A	Breeding Vegetable Crops	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS514A	Breeding Fruit Crops	Major	2	0	1	3
3	AGS 515A	Breeding for Stress Resistance and Climate Change	Major	2	0	1	3
4	AGS 516A	Crop Breeding - I (<i>Kharif</i> <i>Crops</i>)	Major	2	0	1	3
5	AGS517A	Breeding Ornamental Crops	Major	2	0	1	3
6	AGS 518A	Germplasm Characterization and Evaluation	Major	1	0	1	2
7	AGS 519	Seed Production and Certification	Major	1	0	1	2

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Semester II

S. No	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	Р	Cr
1	AGS 522A	Fundamentals of Quantitative Genetics	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS 523A	Molecular Breeding and Bioinformatics	Major	2	0	1	3
3	ENG 551	Technical Writing and Communication skills	Common Course	0	1	1	1
4	AGS 503	Intellectual Property and its management in Agriculture	Common Course	1	0	0	1
5		Departmental elective- III	Major	2	0	1	3
6		Open elective or Interdisciplinary elective-II	Minor	1	0	1	2
7	AGS500	Masters' Research	Research	0	1	4	4
				10	2	5+4	13+4

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Departmental elective- III (Choose any one course)

S. No	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Τ	Р	Cr
1	AGS 521	Principles of Cytogenetics	Major	2	0	1	3
2	AGS 524	Mutagenesis and mutation breeding	Major	2	0	1	3
3	AGS 526A	Breeding for Quality and Special Traits	Major	2	0	1	3
4	AGS 527A	Hybrid Breeding	Major	2	0	1	3
5	AGS 528A	Varietal Development and Maintenance Breeding	Major	1	0	1	2
6	AGS525A	Crop Breeding-II (<i>Rabi</i> Crops)	Major	2	0	1	3
7	AGS 529A	Genetic enhancement for PGR Utilization	Major	1	0	1	2

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Semester III

S. No	Paper	Course Title	Course	L	Т	Р	Cr
INU	Code		Туре				
1	MTH670	Statistical Methods for Applied Sciences	Supporting Course	3	0	1	4
2	AGS501	Library and Information services	Common Course	0	1	1	1
3	AGS504	Basic concepts of Laboratory Techniques	Common Course	0	1	1	1
4	AGS 505	Agricultural Research, ethics and rural developmental programmes	Common Course	1	0	0	1
5	EVS 658	Disaster Management	Common Course	1	0	0	1
6		Open elective or Interdisciplinary elective-III	Minor Course	1	0	1	2
7	AGS 550	Master's Seminar	Major Course	0	1	1	1
8	AGS500A	Master's Research	Research	0	1	6	6
				7		6+6	11+6

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Semester IV

S. No	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	Р	Cr
1.	AGS500B	Master's Research	Research	0	1	15	15
2.	AGS500C	Thesis work	Research	0	1	5	5

L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits

Course Code	AGS511	AGS511					
Course Title	Principle	Principles of Genetics					
Hours	48 L:24,	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: U important CO2: De CO3: Ill cloning, r CO4: Un	 n the completion of the course, the student will gain the following nowledge and skills: O1: Understanding of pre Mendelian and Mendelian genetics and nortance of hereditary material in crop evolution O2: Demonstrate the nature, structure and expression of genetic material O3: Illustrate the regulation of gene activity and techniques of gene oning, nucleic acid hybridization and immunochemical detection O4: Understanding of various omic approaches and their use in treating enetic disorders 					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Mendel' chromos Multiple Sex det influenc Linkage mapping	6 hours) ng of genetics, Early co s laws, Discussion somal theory of inherita e alleles, gene interactio termination, differentia ed and sex- limited trait -detection, estimation; g in eukaryotes, cell genetics, Extra chr	on Me nce. ns, tion an s, recomb	endel's d sex-l ination	paper inkage, and ge	enetic	CO1
	Unit 2: (6 hours)Mendelian population, random mating population, frequencies of genes and genotypes, causes of change, Hardy- Weinberg equilibrium.Nature, structure and replication of the genetic material, organization of DNA in chromosomes, Genetic code, protein biosynthesis, Genetic fine structure analysis, Allelic complementation, Split genes, transposable genetic elements, overlapping genes, pseudogenes, oncogenes,					CO2	

Gene families and clusters.	
 Unit 3: (6 hours) Regulation of gene activity in prokaryotes, molecular mechanisms of mutation, repair and suppression, Bacterial plasmids, insertion (IS) and transposable (Tn) elements, molecular chaperones and gene expression, Gene regulation in eukaryotes, genome editing, Gene isolation, synthesis and cloning, genomic and cDNA libraries, PCR based cloning, positional cloning, Nucleic acid hybridization and immunochemical detection, DNA sequencing, DNA restriction and modification, antisense RNA and ribozymes, micro-RNAs (miRNAs). 	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours) Genomics, Proteomics, Metagenomics, Transgenic bacteria and bioethics, Gene silencing, genetics of mitochondria and chloroplasts, Concepts of eugenics, epigenetics, Genetic disorders,	CO4
 Practical: (24) Laboratory exercises in probability and chi-square; Demonstration of genetic principles using laboratory organisms; Chromosome mapping using three-point test cross; Tetrad analysis; Induction and detection of mutations through genetic tests; DNA extraction and PCR amplification; Electrophoresis: basic principles and running of amplified DNA; Extraction of proteins and isozymes; Use of <i>Agrobacterium</i> mediated method and Biolistic gun; Detection of transgenes in the exposed plant material; Visit to transgenic glasshouse and learning the practical considerations. 	

- 1. Gardner EJ and Snustad DP. 1991. Principles of Genetics. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Klug WS and Cummings MR. 2003. Concepts of Genetics. Peterson Edu.
- 3. Lewin B. 2008. Genes IX. Jones & Bartlett Publ.
- 4. Russell PJ. 1998. Genetics. The Benzamin/Cummings Publ. Co.

- 5. Snustad DP & Simmons MJ. 2006. Genetics. 4th Ed. John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Strickberger MW. 2005. Genetics. 3rd Ed. Prentice Hall.
- 7. Tamarin RH. 1999. Principles of Genetics. Wm. C. Brown Publs.
- 8. Uppal S, Yadav R, Subhadra and Saharan RP. 2005. Practical Manual on Basic and Applied Genetics. Dept. of Genetics, CCS HAU, Hisar.
- 9. Sharma, A. K. and Sharma, R. A. 2013. Crop Improvement and Mutagenesis. Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur.
- 10. Daniel LH and Maryellen R. 2011. Genetics: 'Analysis of Genes and Genomes'.

Course Code	AGS512	AG8512					
Course Title	Principle	Principles of Plant Breeding					
Hours	48 L:24,	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: Le evolution CO2: Illu and cross CO3: De for the ir CO4: Un	 On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following nowledge and skills: CO1: Learn the role and genetics of breeding in crop improvement and volution of crop plants CO2: Illustrate breeding methods for the improvement of self-pollinated nd cross pollinated crops CO3: Demonstrate population improvement and hybrid breeding schemes or the improvement of cross pollinated crops CO4: Understand breeding scheme for clonally propagated crops and pecial breeding techniques of varietal development 					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical					
Syllabus	Early breedi Object plants, Centre Pre- E geneti Geneti includ Nature	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Early plant breeding, accomplishment through plant breeding, Objectives of plant breeding, patterns of evolution in crop plants, Centre of origin, Agro-biodiversity and its significance. Pre- Breeding and plant introduction and role of plant genetic resources in plant breeding, Genetic basis of breeding self and cross pollinated crops including mating systems and response to selection Nature of variability, components of variation; Heritability and genetic advance, genotype environment internation:				CO1	
	actions Pure li	6 hours) I and specific combin and implications in pla ne theory, pure line se Is, line breeding,	int breed	ling	-	-	CO2

	1
Pedigree, bulk, backcross, single seed descent and multiline method,	
Population breeding in self-pollinated crops with special reference to diallel selective mating approach.	
Transgressive breeding,	
Breeding methods in cross pollinated crops, population breeding-mass selection and ear-to-row methods, S1 and S2 progeny testing,	
Unit 3: (6 hours) Progeny selection schemes, recurrent selection schemes for	CO3
intra and Interpopulation improvement and development of	
synthetics and composites, Hybrid breeding, genetical, physiological and molecular basis of heterosis and inbreeding,	
production of inbreds, breeding approaches for improvement of inbreds, predicting hybrid performance, Seed production of hybrid and their parent varieties/inbreds.	
Self-incompatibility, male sterility and apomixes in crop plants and their commercial exploitation	
Unit 4: (6 hours) Breeding methods in asexually/clonally propagated crops,	CO4
clonal selection and clonal hybridization.	
Special breeding techniques: Mutation breeding, Breeding for abiotic and biotic stresses;	
Concept of plant ideotype and its role in crop improvement, concept of MAS,	
Concept of polyploidy and wide hybridization, doubled haploidy.	
Cultivar development- testing, release and notification,	
maintenance breeding,	
maintenance breeding, Participatory plant breeding, plant breeders' rights and	
maintenance breeding, Participatory plant breeding, plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights.	
 maintenance breeding, Participatory plant breeding, plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights. Practical (24) 	
 maintenance breeding, Participatory plant breeding, plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights. Practical (24) Floral biology in self and cross pollinated species, Selfing and crossing techniques self and cross pollinated 	
 maintenance breeding, Participatory plant breeding, plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights. Practical (24) Floral biology in self and cross pollinated species, Selfing and crossing techniques self and cross pollinated crops 	

Estimation of heritability and genetic advance; Maintenance of experimental records;	
Learning techniques in hybrid seed production using male- sterility in field crops.	
Prediction of performance of double cross hybrid	
Demonstration of MAS.	

- 1. Allard RW. 1981. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Chopra VL. 2001. Breeding Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 3. Chopra VL. 2004. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- 4. Gupta SK. 2005. Practical Plant Breeding. Agribios.
- 5. Pohlman JM and Bothakur DN. 1972. Breeding Asian Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 6. Roy D. 2003. Plant Breeding, Analysis and Exploitation of Variation. Narosa Publ. House.
- 7. Sharma JR. 2001. Principles and Practice of Plant Breeding. Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 8. Simmonds NW. 1990. Principles of Crop Improvement. English Language Book Society.
- 9. Singh BD. 2022. Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers.
- 10. Singh P. 2002. Objective Genetics and Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 11. Singh P. 2006. Essentials of Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 12. Singh S and Pawar IS. 2006. Genetic Bases and Methods of Plant Breeding. CBS

Course Code	AGS513	AGS513A						
Course Title	Breeding	reeding Vegetable Crops						
Hours	48 L:24,	T:0, P:24						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Aulti-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the follow cnowledge and skills: CO1: Learn different breeding methodologies for the improvem						
	CO2: De and root CO3: Illu	rbitaceous vegetables emonstrate breeding met vegetables ustrate breeding method plain breeding approach e crops	s for the	e improv	vement	of cole	crops	
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical						
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz							
Weightage	10%	10% 0 25% 0 35% 25%						
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	·	·				
Syllabus	Breedin Amaran Chenop Lettuce, Breedin Gourds, Melons,	Unit 1: (6 hours) Breeding for Leafy vegetables: Amaranth, Chenopods and Lettuce, Breeding for Cucurbits: Gourds, Melons, Pumpkins and squashes.					CO1	
	Breeding Potato a Tomato, Eggplan Hot pep Breedin Carrot,	Unit 2: (6 hours) Breeding for Solanaceae vegetables: Potato and Tomato, Eggplant, Hot pepper and sweet pepper Breeding for Root vegetables: Carrot, beetroot,					CO2	
	Unit 3: (Breedin Radish,	6 hours) g for Root vegetables	:				CO3	

Sweet potato and	
Tapioca. Preeding for Cole groups	
Breeding for Cole crops:	
Cabbage,	
Cauliflower,	
Broccoli	
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
Breeding for Cole crops:	
knolkhol.	
Breeding for other vegetable crops:	
Peas,	
beans,	
onion,	
garlic and	
okra.	
Practical (24)	
Practical (24) Selection of desirable plants from breeding population,	
Selection of desirable plants from breeding population,	
Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and	
Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm;	
Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations;	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and environmental stress resistance in vegetable crops; Demonstration of sib-mating and mixed population; 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and environmental stress resistance in vegetable crops; Demonstration of sib-mating and mixed population; Molecular marker techniques to identify useful traits in 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and environmental stress resistance in vegetable crops; Demonstration of sib-mating and mixed population; Molecular marker techniques to identify useful traits in the vegetable crops and special breeding techniques; 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and environmental stress resistance in vegetable crops; Demonstration of sib-mating and mixed population; Molecular marker techniques to identify useful traits in the vegetable crops and special breeding techniques; Visit to breeding blocks, 	
 Selection of desirable plants from breeding population, Observations and analysis of various qualitative and quantitative traits in germplasm; Hybridization and handling segregating generations; Induction of flowering, palanological studies, Selfing and crossing techniques invegetable crops; Hybrid seed production of vegetable crops in bulk; Screening techniques for insect-pests, disease and environmental stress resistance in vegetable crops; Demonstration of sib-mating and mixed population; Molecular marker techniques to identify useful traits in the vegetable crops and special breeding techniques; 	

- 1. Allard RW. 1999. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Fageria MS, Arya PS and Choudhary AK. 2000. Vegetable Crops: Breeding and Seed Production.
- 3. Vol. I. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Kalloo G. 1988. Vegetable Breeding. Vols. I-III. CRC Press.
- 5. Kalloo G. 1998. Vegetable Breeding. Vols. I-III (Combined Ed.). Panima Edu. Book Agency. Peter KV and Pradeep KT. 2008. Genetics and Breeding of Vegetables. ICAR.
- 6. Rai N and Rai M. 2006. Heterosis Breeding in Vegetable Crops. New India Publication Agency.
- 7. Ram HH. 2005. Vegetable Breeding-Principles and Practices. Kalyani

Publishers

- 8. Sharma JP. 2010. Principles of Vegetable Breeding. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 9. Singh BD. 2015. Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers

Course Code	AGS514	GS514A						
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding Fruit Crops						
Hours	48 L:24	, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Aulti-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: Lea CO2: Un CO3: Illu	 n the completion of the course, the student will gain the following nowledge and skills: O1: Learn the importance of fruit crop breeding and its historical asp O2: Understand various issues related to fruit breeding O3: Illustrate the role of biotechnology in the improvement of fruit crop O4: Demonstrate various breeding methods for the improvement of meth						
	fruit crop		C				Ū	
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical						
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical						
Syllabus	Fruit cr History Importa Center	Jnit 1: (6 hours) Fruit crop breeding: History, Importance of fruit breeding, Center of diversity, distribution, domestication and adaptation of commercially important fruits.						
	Issues Hetero Polypl Polyer Parther Incomj	Unit 2: (6 hours) Issues in fruit crop breeding – Heterozygosity, Polyploidy, Polyembryony, Parthenocarpy and seed lessness, Incompatibility and Sterility systems					CO2	
	Unit 3: (6 hours) Apomixes - merits and demerits, types, Variability for economic traits, Role of genetic engineering and biotechnology in improvement of fruit crops. Crop improvement in Mango, Banana, Citrus, Grapes					CO3		

Unit 4: (6 hours) Crop improvement in Papaya, Sapota and Pomegranate, Pineapple and Guava, Apple and other Rosaceous crops and region specific fruit crops.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Germplasm documentation; Floral biology of mango, guava, citrus, grape, pomegranate, pollen viability in major fruit crops; Pollen germination to study time of anthesis and stigma receptivity; Hybridization technique in important fruit crops, hybrid seed collection and raising; Colchicine treatment for induction of polyploidy; Exposure to resistance breeding and screening techniques; Mutation breeding practices raising and evaluation of segregating populations; Use of mutagens to induce mutations and polyploidy; Visit to Biotechnology Lab and study of <i>in-vitro</i> breeding techniques.	

- 1. Bhojwani SS and Razdan MK. 2006. *Plant Tissue Culture -Theory and Practice*. Elsevier Publication, Amesterdam.
- 2. Chadha KL and Pareek, OP. 1996. (Eds.). *Advances in Horticulture*. Vol. I to IV. Malhotra Publ. House, New Delhi.
- 3. Chadha KL and Shikhamany SD. 1999. *The Grape: Improvement, Production and Post-Harvest Management*. Malhotra Publ. House, New Delhi.
- Janick and Moore JN. 1996. Advances in Fruit Breeding, AVI Pub., USA. Janick J and Moore JN. 1996. Fruit Breeding. Vols. I to III. John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Kumar N. 2006. *Breeding of Horticultural Crops Principles and Practices*. New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi.
- 6. Moore JN and Janick Jules. 1996. *Methods in Fruit Breeding*. Purdue University Press, SouthCampus Court D., USA.
- 7. Parthasarathy VA, Bose TK, Deka PC, Das P, Mitra SK. and Mohanadas S. 2001. *Biotechnology of Horticultural Crops*. Vols. I-III. Naya Prokash, Kolkata.
- 8. Ray PK. 2002. *Breeding of Tropical and Sub-tropical Fruits*. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 9. Simmonds NW. 1976. Evolution of Crop Plants, Orient Longman, London.

Course Code	AGS515	AGS515A						
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding for Stress Resistance and Climate Change						
Hours	48 L:24	8 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes		On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:						
	yield and CO2: Idd stresses CO3: Cl develop t	CO3: Classification of abiotic stresses and breeding methodologies to develop tolerant varietiesCO4: Role of genomics and transgenics in the management of biotic and					ainst biotic dologies to	
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical						
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical						
Syllabus	Concep plant by stress re Classifi of econ Concep inherita Host de and m immuni Host-pa molecu Concep	 nit 1: (6 hours) Concept and impact of climatic change; Importance of plant breeding with special reference to biotic and abiotic stress resistance, Classification of biotic stresses- Major pests and diseases of economically important crops, Concepts in insect and pathogen resistance, Analysis and inheritance of resistance, Host defense responses to pathogen invasions-Biochemical and molecular mechanisms, Acquired and induced immunity and systemic acquired resistance (SAR), Host-pathogen interaction, gene-for-gene hypothesis, molecular evidence for its operation and exceptions, Concept of signal transduction and other host-defense 					CO1	
	Types stresses	mechanisms against viruses and bacteria. Unit 2: (6 hours) Types and genetic mechanisms of resistance to biotic stresses - Horizontal and vertical resistance in crop plants, Quantitative resistance/adult plant resistance and slow					CO2	

Γ	1	1
	rusting resistance,	
	Classical and molecular breeding methods- Measuring	
	plant resistance using plant fitness,	
	Behavioural, physiological and insect gain studies,	
	Phenotypic screening methods for major pests and diseases,	
	Recording of observations; Correlating the observations using marker data	
	Gene pyramiding methods and their implications.	
	Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
	Classification of abiotic stresses- Stress inducing factors, moisture stress/drought and water logging & submergence, Acidity, salinity/alkalinity/sodicity, high/low temperature, wind, etc. Stress due to soil factors and mineral toxicity,	
	Physiological and phenological responses,	
	Emphasis of abiotic stresses in developing breeding methodologies.	
	Genetics of abiotic stress resistance,	
	Genes and genomics in breeding cultivars suitable to low water regimes and water logging & submergence, high and low/freezing temperatures.	
	Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
	Utilizing MAS procedures for identifying resistant types in important crops like rice, sorghum, wheat, cotton etc, Breeding for resistance to stresses caused by toxicity, deficiency and pollutants/contaminants in soil, water and environment.	
	Use of crop wild relatives as a source of resistance to biotic	
	and abiotic factors in major field crops,	
	Transgenics in management of biotic and abiotic stresses,	
	use of toxins, protease inhibitors, lectins, PR proteins and Bt for diseases and insect pest management- achievements.	
	Practical: (24 hours)	
	Understanding the climatological parameters and predisposal of biotic and abiotic stress factors- ways of combating them for diseases caused by fungi and bacteria; Symptoms and data recording; use of MAS procedures; Phenotypic screening techniques for sucking pests and chewing pests- Traits tobe observed at plant and insect	
	level;	

 Phenotypic screening techniques for nematodes and borers; Ways of combatingthem; Evaluating the available populations like RIL, NIL, etc. for pest resistance; Use of standard MAS procedures, Breeding strategies - Weeds – ecological, environmental impacts on the crops; Breeding for herbicide resistance; Screening crops for drought and flood resistance; factors to be considered and breeding strategies; Screening varieties of major crops for acidity and alkalinity- their effects andbreeding strategies; Screening forage crops for resistance to sewage water and tannery effluents; Quality parameters evaluation.
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- 1. Blumm A. 1988. Plant Breeding for Stress Environments. CRC Press.
- 2. Christiansen MN & Lewis CF. 1982. Breeding Plants for Less Favourable Environments. Wiley International.
- 3. Fritz RS & Simms EL. (Eds.). 1992. Plant Resistance to Herbivores and Pathogens: Ecology, Evolution and Genetics. The University of Chicago Press.
- 4. Li PH & Sakai A. 1987. Plant Cold Hardiness. Liss, New York
- 5. Luginpill P. 1969. Developing Resistant Plants The Ideal Method of Controlling Insects. USDA, ARS, Washington DC.
- Maxwell FG & Jennings PR. (Eds.). 1980. Breeding Plants Resistant to Insects. John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Painter RH. 1951. Insect Resistance in Crop Plants. MacMillan, New York.
- 8. Russel GE. 1978. Plant Breeding for Pest and Disease Resistance. Butterworths.
- 9. Sakai A & Larcher W. 1987. Frost Survival in Plants. Springer-Verlag.
- 10. Turener NC & Kramer PJ. 1980. Adaptation of Plants to Water and High Temperature Stress. John Wiley & Sons.
- 11. van der Plank JE. 1982. Host-Pathogen Interactions in Plant Disease. Academic Press.

Course Code	AGS516	AGS516A					
Course Title	Crop Bro	Crop Breeding- I (<i>Kharif</i> Crops)					
Hours	48 L:24,	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the co knowledg CO1: Lea breeding cereals CO2: II objectives <i>kharif</i> pul CO3: Un objectives <i>kharif</i> oil CO4: De	 Multi-Disciplinary Course On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Learn origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> cereals CO2: Illustrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> pulses CO3: Understand origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> pulses CO3: Understand origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>kharif</i> oilseed crops CO4: Demonstrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of 					
Examination Type	Theory +	-	P ⁵				
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	l		1		
Syllabus	Rice: O forms, w and geno characte approac hybrid r MAS us and drou Maize: O forms, o genome characte approac	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Rice: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, genetics, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), hybrid rice breeding, potential and outcome, examples of MAS used for improvement, aerobic rice, its implications and drought resistance breeding.Maize: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS					

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used for improvement- QPM and Bt maize- strategies and implications.	
Small millets: evolution and distribution of species and	
forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and	
genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality	
characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc.	
Unit 2: (6 hours)	CO2
Pigeon pea: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement- Hybrid technology; maintenance of male sterile, fertile and restorer lines, progress made at National and International institutes.	
Groundnut: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
Other Pulses: Urdbean, mungbean, cowpea: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Interspecific crosses attempted and its implications, reasons for failure, ways of overcoming them.	
Unit 3: (6 hours) Soybean: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality	CO3
characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
Castor and Sesame: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance	

etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Hybrid breeding in castor – opportunities, constraints and achievements. Cotton: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Development and maintenance of male sterile lines – Hybrid development and seed production – Scenario and evaluation procedures for Bt cotton.	
 Unit 4: (6 hours) Jute: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Sugarcane: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Forage grasses: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters and palatability studies, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Seed spices: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters and palatability studies, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Seed spices: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc., Seed spices: Origin, evolution and distribution of species and forms, wild relatives and germplasm, cytogenetics and genome relationship, breeding objectives, yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance etc. Breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Achievements of important spice crops. 	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Floral biology, emasculation, pollination techniques in rice, maize, pigeon pea, soybean, sesame, cotton; Study of range of variation for yield and yield components;	

Study of segregating populations in cereal, pulses and oilseed crops; Learning on the crosses between different species; attempting crosses betweenblack gram and green gram; Evaluating the germplasm of cotton for yield, quality and resistance parameters, learning the procedures on development of Bt cotton; Visit to Cotton Technology Laboratory and Spinning Mills; Learning on the Standard Evaluation System (SES) and descriptors; Use of softwarefor database management and retrieval; Practical learning on the cultivation of fodder crop species on sewage water, analysing them for yield components and palatability; Laboratory analysis of forage crops for crude protein, digestibility percent andother quality attributes; Visit to animal feed producing factories; Learning the practice of value addition; Visiting the animal husbandry unit andlearning the animal experiments	

- 1. Agarwal RL. 1996. Identifying Characteristics of Crop Varieties. Oxford & IBH.
- 2. Bahl PN & Salimath PM. 1996. Genetics, Cytogenetics and Breeding of Crop Plants. Vol.

I. Pulses and Oilseeds. Oxford & IBH.

- 3. Chandraratna MF. 1964. Genetics and Breeding of Rice. Longmans.
- 4. Chopra VL & Prakash S. 2002. Evolution and Adaptation of Cereal Crops. Oxford and IBH.
- 5. Gill KS. 1991. Pearl Millet and its Improvement. ICAR.
- 6. IRRI. 1986. Rice Genetics. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 7. IRRI. 1991. Rice Genetics II. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 8. IRRI. 1996. Rice Genetics III. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 9. IRRI. 2000. Rice Genetics IV. Proc. International Rice Genetics Symposium. IRRI, Los Banos, Manila, Philippines.
- 10. Kannaiyan S, Uthamasamy S, Theodore RK & Palaniswamy S. 2002. New Dimensions and Approaches for Sustainable Agriculture. Directorate of Extension Education, TNAU, Coimbatore.
- 11. Murty DS, Tabo R & Ajayi O. 1994. Sorghum Hybrid Seed Production and Management. ICRISAT, Patancheru, India.
- 12. Nanada JS. 1997. Manual on Rice Breeding. Kalyani.

- 13. Ram HH & Singh HG. 1993. Crop Breeding and Genetics. Kalyani.
- 14. Singh HG, Mishra SN, Singh TB, Ram HH & Singh DP. (Eds.). 1994. Crop Breeding in India. International Book Distributing Co.
- 15. Slafer GA. (Ed.). 1994. Genetic Improvement of Field Crops. Marcel Dekker.
- 16. Walden DB. 1978. Maize Breeding and Genetics. John Wiley& Sons.

Course Code	AGS517	AGS517A						
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding for Ornamental Crops						
Hours	48 L:24	, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Iulti-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: Lea CO2: Illu crops CO3: De hybrid va	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Learn historical aspects of ornamental plant breeding CO2: Illustrate breeding methods for the improvement of major ornamental crops CO3: Demonstrate the role of heterosis and its exploitation of heterosis in hybrid variety development CO4: Learn production and certification of open pollinated seeds of						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical						
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical						
Syllabus	History Centre of Objectiv Unit 2: (& Introduc biotechn and flo	 Unit 1: (4 hours) History of improvement of ornamental plants; Centre of origin of ornamental crops; Objectives and techniques in ornamental plant breeding. Unit 2: (8 hours) Introduction, selection, hybridization, mutation and biotechnological techniques for improvement of ornamental and flower crops, <i>viz.</i>, Rose, Jasmine, <i>Chrysanthemum</i>, Tuberose, <i>Gerbera</i>, <i>Gladiolus</i>, <i>Dahlia</i>, <i>Lilium</i>, <i>Gaillardia</i>, 						
	 <i>Petunia</i>, <i>Bouganvillea</i>, Pansy, Marigold, <i>Geranium</i>, <i>Antirrhinum</i>, China aster, Orchids, <i>Carnation</i>, <i>Hibiscus</i>, etc. Unit 3: (6 hours) Development of promising cultivars of important ornamental and flower crops, 					CO3		
	Role of	Role of heterosis and its exploitation, production of F_1 hybrids and utilization of male sterility.						
		5 hours) on of open pollinated see g and storage of seeds		vesting,			CO4	

Seed certification.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Study of floral biology and pollination in important species and cultivars of ornamental crops;	
Techniques of inducing polyploidy and mutation;	
Production of pure and hybrid seed;	
Methods of breeding suited to seed propagated plants;	
Polyploidy and mutations to evolve new varieties;	
Breeding methods for biotic and abiotic stresses;	
Visit to research institutes involved in ornamental crop breeding	

- 1. Alexander V. 2002. Breeding for ornamentals: Classical and Molecular Approaches. Kluwer Academic Publishers, London.
- 2. Allard RW. 1999. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons. INC. New York.
- 3. Bhattacharjee SK and De LC. 2003. Advanced Commercial Floriculture Vol. 1. Aavishkar Publishers & Distributors, Jaipur.
- 4. Bose TK and Yadav LP. 2003. Commercial Flowers. Naya Prokash Publishers, Kolkata.
- 5. Chadha KL and Bhattacharjee SK. Advances in Horticulture Vol. 12, Malhotra Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6. Mc Donald MB and Kwong FY. 2005. Flower Seeds Biology and Technology, CABI Publishing, Oxfordshire, UK.
- 7. Watts L.1980. Flower and Vegetable Plant Breeding. Grower Books.

Course Code	AGS518A						
Course Title	Germplasm Characterization and Evaluation						
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24					
Credits	3						
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: De CO2: Le collectior CO3: Illu improven	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Demonstrate germplasm characterization and diversity studies CO2: Learn germplasm evaluation and development of core and mini core collections CO3: Illustrate evaluation and exploitation of crop wild relatives in crop improvement CO4: Discover high throughput phenotyping for nutritional and resistance					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical			-		
Syllabus	Understa Crop de Germpla Evaluati Measuri Statistic	Unit 1: (6 hours) Understanding genetic diversity in crop plants; Crop descriptors, descriptor states; Germplasm characterization/ evaluation procedures; Evaluation of germplasm for specific traits; Measuring diversity using agro-morphological data, Statistical procedures to measure population genetic variation, markers and their use in PGR,					CO1
	 Unit 2: (6 hours) Evaluation of biotic and abiotic stresses, Principles and methods for formulating core and mini core collections and their validation, Web based tools for management of data. Principles and practices of germplasm regeneration and maintenance, Unit 3: (5 hours) Breeding systems and mode of reproduction; Maintaining sufficiently large populations for effective conservation of farmer landraces, 					CO2 CO3	

Evaluation and maintenance of wild relatives of crop plants	
Genetic enhancement,	
Use of CWRs genetic resources for crop improvement.	
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
High throughput phenotyping systems- imaging and image processing,	
Concepts for automated germplasm characterization	
Evaluation for nutritional traits,	
Evaluation for resistance traits	
Biochemical and molecular markers for characterization.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Field layout and experimental designs;	
Recording field data on germplasm evaluation in different agri-horticultural crops,	
Post-harvest handling;	
Evaluating quality traits,	
Biochemical and phyto-chemical evaluation of crop germplasm,	
Data processing; Documentation,	
Analysis of diversity and cataloguing, data analysis,	
Viability equations, sampling strategies, data documentation,	
Cataloguing,	
Biochemical analyses of samples	

- 1. Dhillon BS, Varaprasad KS, Kalyani Srinivasan, Mahendra Singh, Sunil Arachak, Umesh Srivastava & Sharma GD. 2001. Germplasm Conservation A Compendium of Achievements. NBPGR, New Delhi.
- 2. Di Castri, F &Younes T. 1996. Biodiversity Science and Development: Towards New Partnership. CABI, In association with International Union for Biological Science, France.
- 3. Gurcharan Singh. 2004. Plant Systematics: An Integrated Approach. Science Publ.
- 4. John H Wiersema. 1999. World Economic Plants: A Standard Reference. Blanca Leon.
- 5. Lorentz C Pearson. 1995. The Diversity and Evolution of Plants. CRC Press.
- 6. Paroda RS & Arora RK. 1991. Plant Genetic Resources Conservation and Management Concepts and Approaches. IBPGR Regional office for south and south Asia New Delhi.
- 7. Singh BP. 1993. Principles and Procedures of Exchange of Plant Genetic Resources
- Conservation and Management. Indo-US PGR project management.
- 8. Sivarajan VV. 1991. Introduction of Principles of Plant Taxonomy. Science Publ.
- 9. Takhrajan A. 1997. Diversity and Classification of Flowering Plants. Columbia University Press, New York.
- 10. Sundeep Kumar, et al. 2016. Evaluation of 19,460 wheat accessions conserved in the

Indian national genebank to identify new sources of resistance to rust and spot blotch diseases. PloS One Vol 11, pages 0167702.

11. Tripathi K, Bhardwaj R, Bhalla S, Kaur V, Bansal R, Yadav R, Gangopadhyay KK, Kumar A and Chaudhury R. 2018. Plant Genetic Resources Evaluation: Principles and Procedures, Indian Council of Agricultural Research - National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources (ICAR-NBPGR), New Delhi. 50 p

Course Code	AGS519						
Course Title	Seed production and Certification						
Hours	48 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3	3					
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: Im improved CO2: Kr field crop CO3: Un pulses, oi CO4: Ill	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Importance of quality seed, production and maintenance of seeds of improved classes CO2: Knowledge of principles of varietal and hybrid seed production in field crops CO3: Understand the principles of varietal and hybrid seed production in pulses, oilseeds, fiber and vegetatively propagated crops CO4: Illustrate seed certification and Minimum Seed Certification Standards (MSCS)					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Theory + Practical					
Syllabus	Importat concept Generat replace replacer and supp Various Genetic Factors Nucleus of paren Producti	Unit 1: (6 hours)COIImportance of seed as basic input in agriculture; Seed quality concept and importance;Generation system of seed multiplication -Varietal replacement rate, Seed multiplication ratios, Seed replacement rate, Seed renewal period and seed demand and supply;Various factors influencing seed production –Physical and Genetic purity in seed production;Factors responsible for varietal and genetic deterioration, Nucleus seed production and its maintenance - Maintenance of parental lines of hybrids, Production of breeder, foundation and certified seed and their quality maintenance;					CO1
	Unit 2: (6 hours) Principles of seed production in self- and cross-pollinated crops; Hybrid seed production - system and techniques involved in Seed village concept;				CO2		

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Organic sed production and certification.	
Floral structure, pollination mechanismand seed production techniques in self- and cross-pollinated cereals and millets.	
Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
Floral structure, pollination mechanism and methods and techniques of seed production in major pulses and oilseed crops;	
Varietal and hybrid seed production techniques in Pigeon pea, Mustard, Castor and Sunflower.	
Floral structure, pollination mechanism and methods and techniques of seed production in major commercial fibres,	
Hybrid-seed production techniques in major vegetatively propagated crops.	
Unit 4: (9 hours)	CO4
Seed certification - history, concept, objectives;	
Central seed certification board Seedcertification agency/ organization and staff requirement;	
Legal status - Phases of seed certification, formulation, revision and publication of seed certification standards; Minimum Seed Certification Standards (MSCS) for different crops - General and specific crop standards, Field and seed standards;	
Planning and management of seed certification programs;	
Eligibility of a variety for certification, area assessment, cropping history of the seed field	
Practical: (24)	
Planting design for variety- hybrid seed production techniques,	
Planting ratio of male and female lines, synchronization	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders,	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders, Supplementary pollination, Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination; Pollen collection and storage methods, Pollen viability and stigma receptivity;	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders, Supplementary pollination, Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination; Pollen collection and storage methods, Pollen viability and stigma receptivity; Pre-harvest sanitation, maturity symptoms,	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders, Supplementary pollination, Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination; Pollen collection and storage methods, Pollen viability and stigma receptivity;	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders, Supplementary pollination, Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination; Pollen collection and storage methods, Pollen viability and stigma receptivity; Pre-harvest sanitation, maturity symptoms, Harvesting techniques;	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders, Supplementary pollination, Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination; Pollen collection and storage methods, Pollen viability and stigma receptivity; Pre-harvest sanitation, maturity symptoms, Harvesting techniques; Visits to seed production plots - visit to seed industries; Planning for seed production: cost benefit ratio, seed multiplication ratio and seedreplacement rate;	
of parental lines and methods to achieve synchrony; Identification of rogues and pollen shedders, Supplementary pollination, Detasseling, hand emasculation and pollination; Pollen collection and storage methods, Pollen viability and stigma receptivity; Pre-harvest sanitation, maturity symptoms, Harvesting techniques; Visits to seed production plots - visit to seed industries; Planning for seed production: cost benefit ratio, seed	
-	 Principles of seed production in field crops; Floral structure, pollination mechanismand seed production techniques in self- and cross-pollinated cereals and millets. Unit 3: (6 hours) Floral structure, pollination mechanism and methods and techniques of seed production in major pulses and oilseed crops; Varietal and hybrid seed production techniques in Pigeon pea, Mustard, Castor and Sunflower. Floral structure, pollination mechanism and methods and techniques of seed production in major commercial fibres, Hybrid-seed production techniques in major vegetatively propagated crops. Unit 4: (9 hours) Seed certification - history, concept, objectives; Central seed certification board Seedcertification agency/ organization and staff requirement; Legal status - Phases of seed certification standards; Minimum Seed Certification Standards (MSCS) for different crops - General and specific crop standards, Field and seed standards; Planning and management of seed certification programs; Eligibility of a variety for certification, area assessment, cropping history of the seed field Practical: (24) Planting design for variety- hybrid seed production techniques,

Field inspection at different stages of a crop and observations recorded on contaminants and reporting of results, ,	
Inspection and sampling at harvesting/ threshing, processing and after processing for seed law enforcement; Specifications for tags and labels to be used for certification purpose.	

- 1.Agrawal PK and Dadlani M. 1987. Techniques in Seed Science and Technology, South Asian Publishers, Delhi.
- 2. Agrawal RL. 1997. Seed Technology, Oxford & IBH Publishing.
- 3. Anon, 1965. Field Inspection Manual and Minimum Seed Certification Standards, NSCPublication, New Delhi.
- 4. Anon. 1999. Manual of Seed Certification procedures. Directorate of Seed Certification, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.
- Joshi AK and Singh BD. 2004. Seed Science and Technology, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. Kelly AF. 1988. Seed Production of Agricultural Crops. John Wiley, New York.
- 6. Mc Donald MB and Copeland LO. 1997. Seed Science and Technology, Scientific Publisher, Jodhpur.
- 7. Ramamoorthy K, Sivasubramaniam K and Kannan M. 2006. Seed Legislation in India. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur, Rajasthan.
- **8.** Singhal NC. 2003. Hybrid Seed Production in Field Crops, Kalyani Publications, New Delhi.
- **9.** Tunwar NS and Singh SV. 1988. Indian Minimum Seed Certification Standards. Central Seed Certification Board, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi.

Course Code	AGS521						
Course Title	Principles of Cytogenetic						
Hours	48 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3	3					
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: Le chromoso	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: Learn the structure and composition of eukaryotic and prokaryotic chromosomes and their role in evolution CO2: Illustrate the chromosomal variations and their evolutionary					
	significar CO3: Te in crop br CO4: De	 significance CO3: Techniques to overcome fertilization barriers and role of polyploidy in crop breeding CO4: Demonstrate techniques of genome mapping in polyploids and chromosomal manipulations in wide hybridization 					
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical		-	_		
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	·	·			
Syllabus	Cell c prokary Chromo centrom Artificia Special t Variatio significa Introduc Chromo	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Cell cycle and architecture of chromosome in prokaryotes and eukaryotes;CO1Chromonemata, chromosome matrix, chromomeres, centromere, secondary constriction and telomere;Artificial chromosome construction and its uses;Special types of chromosome significance;Structure: Evolutionary significance;Introduction to techniques for karyotyping; Chromosome banding and painting -In situ hybridization and various applications.CO1					CO1
	Unit 2: (6 hours) Structural and numerical variations of chromosomes and their implications; Symbols and terminologies for chromosome numbers, euploidy, haploids, diploids and polyploids; Utilization of aneuploids in gene location; Variation in chromosome behaviour, somatic segregation and chimeras, endomitosis and somatic reduction;				CO2		

Evolutionary significance of chromosomal aberrations, balanced lethal and chromosome complexes; Inter-varietal chromosome substitutions	
Unit 3: (6 hours)Fertilization barriers in crop plants at pre-and postfertilization levels; <i>In-vitro</i> techniques to overcome the fertilization barriers in crops;Polyploidy: Genetic consequences of polyploidization and role of polyploids in crop breeding; Evolutionary advantages of autopolyploid vs allopolyploids; Role of aneuploids in basic and applied aspects of crop breeding, their maintenance and utilization in gene 	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours)Reversion of autopolyploids to diploids, genome mapping in polyploids, interspecific hybridization and allopolyploids, Synthesis of new crops (wheat, triticale and brassica), Hybrids between species with same chromosome number, alien translocations, Hybrids between species with different chromosome number, Gene transfer using amphidiploids, bridge species. Chromosome manipulations in wide hybridization, Case studies, Production and use of haploids, dihaploids and doubled haploids in genetics and breeding.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours)Learning the cytogenetical laboratory techniques, Various chemicals to be used for fixation, dehydration, embedding, staining, cleaning, etc.; Microscopy: various types of microscopes; Preparing specimen for observation; Fixative preparation and fixing specimen for light microscopy studies in cereals; Studies on mitosis and meiosis in crop plants; Using micrometres and studying the pollen grain size in various crops. Pollen germination <i>in vivo</i> and <i>in-vitro</i> ; Demonstration of polyploidy.	

- 1. Becker K & Hardin. 2004. The World of Cell. 5th Ed. Pearson Edu.
- 2. Carroll M. 1989. Organelles. The Guilford Press.
- 3. Charles B. 1993. Discussions in Cytogenetics. Prentice Hall.
- Darlington CD & La Cour LF. 1969. The Handling of Chromosomes. Georger Allen & Unwin Ltd.
- 5. Elgin SCR. 1995. Chromatin Structure and Gene Expression. IRL Press.
- 6. Gray P. 1954. The Mirotomist's Formulatory Guide. The Blakiston Co.
- 7. Gupta PK & Tsuchiya T. 1991. Chromosome Engineering in Plants: Genetics, Breeding and Evolution. Part A. Elsevier.
- 8. Gupta PK. 2000. Cytogenetics. Rastogi Publ.
- 9. Johannson DA. 1975. Plant Microtechnique. McGraw Hill.
- Karp G. 1996. Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. John Wiley & Sons.
- 11. Khush GS, 1973. Cytogenetics of Aneuploids. Academic Press.
- 12. Sharma AK & Sharma A. 1988. Chromosome Techniques: Theory and Practice. Butterworth.
- 13. Sumner AT. 1982. Chromosome Banding. Unwin Hyman Publ.
- 14. Swanson CP. 1960. Cytology and Cytogenetics. Macmillan & Co.

Course Code	AGS522	AGS522A							
Course Title	Fundam	Fundamentals of Quantitative Genetics							
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24							
Credits	3	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Aulti-Disciplinary Course							
Course Outcomes		On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills:							
	CO2: De compone CO3: Illu	 CO1: Understand the principle and concept of quantitative genetics CO2: Demonstrate principles of experimental designs and estimation of components of variations CO3: Illustrate different mating designs and models for stability analysis CO4: Learn strategies for QTL mapping and MAS 							
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical							
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL		
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%		
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical		·					
Syllabus	Introduc genetics Multiple Qualitat Analysis Compor gene ac effect, Principle Expecte model, Compar	Principles of analysis of variance and linear model, Expected variance components, Random and fixed effect							
	 Unit 2: (6 hours) Designs for plant breeding experiments- principles and applications; Variability parameters, concept of selection, simultaneous selection modes and selection of parents, MANOVA, Association analysis- Genotypic and phenotypic correlation, Path analysis, Discriminate function and principal 					CO2			

component analysis,	
Genetic divergence analysis-Metroglyph and D ² ,	
Generation mean analysis, Parent progeny regression analysis	
Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
Mating designs- classification, Diallel, partial diallel,	
$L \times T$,	
NCDs, and TTC;	
Concept of combining ability and gene action,	
$G \times E$ interaction-Adaptability and stability; Methods and models for stability analysis;	
Basic models- principles and interpretation,	
Bi-plot analysis.	
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
QTL mapping,	
Strategies for QTL mapping- Desired population and statistical methods,	
QTL mapping in genetic analysis;	
Markers, Marker assisted selection and factors influencing the MAS,	
Simultaneous selection based on marker and phenotype.	
Practical: (24 hours) Analysis and interpretation of variability parameters; Analysis and interpretation of Index score and Metroglyph; Clustering and interpretation of D ² analysis; Genotypic and phenotypic correlation analysis and interpretation; Path coefficient analysis and interpretation, Estimation of different types of heterosis, inbreeding depression and interpretation; A, B and C Scaling test;	
 L × T analysis and interpretation, QTL analysis; Use of computer packages; Diallel analysis; G × E interaction and stability analysis 	

- 1. Bos I & Caligari P. 1995. Selection Methods in Plant Breeding. Chapman & Hall.
- 2. Falconer DS. 1983. Problems on Quantitative Genetics. Longman.
- 3. Falconer DS. 1998. Introduction to Quantitative Genetics. Longman.
- 4. Mather K & Jinks JL. 1971. Biometrical Genetics. Chapman & Hall.

- 5. Mather K & Jinks J L. 1983. Introduction to Biometrical Genetics. Chapman & Hall.
- 6. Nadarajan N & Gunasekaran M. 2005. Quantitative Genetics and Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 7. Naryanan SS and Singh P. 2007. Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 8. Singh P & Narayanan SS. 1993. Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers.
- 9. Singh RK & Choudhary BD. 1987. Biometrical Methods in Quantitative Genetics. Kalyani Publishers.
- 10. Weir DS. 1990. Genetic Data Analysis. Methods for Discrete Population Genetic Data. Sinauer Associates.
- 11. Kearsey Michael J. and Pooni Harpal S. 1996. The Genetical Analysis of Quantitative Traits. Springer- Science + Business Media, B. V.

Course Code	AGS523	AGS523A							
Course Title	Molecula	Molecular Breeding and Bioinformatics							
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24							
Credits	3								
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course							
Course Outcomes		On the completion of the course, the student will g knowledge and skills:					wing		
	and allele CO2: Illu CO3: Re in crop in	 CO1: Learn about molecular markers, techniques of molecular mapping nd allele mining and MAS in varietal development CO2: Illustrate the role of comparative genomics in crop improvement CO3: Realize the use of nanotechnology and recombinant DNA technology n crop improvement CO4: Learn implications of bioinformatics tools in crop improvement 							
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical							
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL		
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%		
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical							
Syllabus	Genotypi Morphole (RFLP, R Functiona RILs, NII Molecula traits; Statistica Marker-a traits; QTLs an Marker-a introgres	tatistical tools in marker analysis, Allele mining; Iarker-assisted selection for qualitative and quantitative aits; TLs analysis in crop plants; Iarker-assisted backcross breeding for rapid trogression; enomics- assisted breeding; Generation of EDVs; Gene					CO1		
	Large sca Human g	6 hours) ion to Comparative Gen le genome sequencing enome project; ssis genome project;		s;			CO2		

Rice genome project;	
Comparative genomics tools;	
Introduction to proteomics;	
2D gel electrophoresis;	
Chromatography and sequencing by Edman degradation	
and mass spectrometry;	
Endopeptidases;	
Unit 3: (6 hours) Nanotechnology and its applications in crop improvement, Recombinant DNA technology, transgenes, Method of transformation, Selectable markers and clean transformation techniques, Vector-mediated gene transfer, Physical methods of gene transfer; Production of transgenic plants in various field crops: cotton, wheat, maize, rice, soybean, oilseeds, sugarcane, etc. and commercial releases	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours)	CO4
Biotechnology applications in male sterility/ hybrid	
breeding, molecular farming;	
Application of Tissue culture in molecular breeding;	
MOs and relatedissues (risk and regulations); GMO;	
International regulations, biosafety issues of GMOs;	
Regulatory procedures in major countries including	
India, ethical, legal and social issues;	
Intellectual property rights;	
Introduction to bioinformatics:	
Bioinformatics tools, biological data bases (primary and	
 secondary), implications in crop improvement.	
Practical: (24 hours)	
Requirements for plant tissue culture laboratory;	
Techniques in plant tissue culture;	
Media components and media preparation;	
Aseptic manipulation of various explants, observations on the contaminants occurring in media, interpretations;	
Inoculation of explants, callus induction and plant	
regeneration;	
Standardizing the protocols for regeneration;	
Hardening of regenerated plants;	
Establishing a greenhouse and hardening procedures;	
Visit to commercial micropropagation unit;	
Transformation using Agrobacterium strains; GUS assay in	
transformed cells/ tissues;	

DNA isolation, DNA purity and quantification tests; Gel electrophoresis of proteins and isozymes, PCR-based DNA markers, gel scoring and data analysis for tagging and phylogenetic relationship; Construction of genetic linkage maps using computer software; NCBI Genomic Resources, GBFF, Swiss Prot, Blast n/ Blast p, Gene Prediction Tool, Expasy Resources,	
Comparative Genomic Resources: - Map Viewer (UCSC Browser and Ensembl);	
Primer designing- Primer 3/ Primer BLAST.	

- 1. Azuaje F and Dopazo J. 2005. Data Analysis and Visualization in Genomics and Proteomics. John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Brown TA. 1991. Essential Molecular Biology: a practical Approach. Oxford university press, 2002, 2nd edition
- 3. Chawala HS. 2000. Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Chopra VL and Nasim A. 1990. Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology: Concepts, Methods and Applications. Oxford & IBH.
- 5. Gupta PK. 1997. Elements of Biotechnology. Rastogi Publ.
- Hackett PB, Fuchs JA and Messing JW. 1988. An Introduction to Recombinant DNA Technology Basic Experiments in Gene Manipulation. 2nd Ed. Benjamin Publ. Co.
- 6. Jollès P and Jörnvall H. 2000. Proteomics in Functional Genomics: Protein Structure Analysis. Birkhäuser.
- 7. Lewin B. 2017. Genes XII. Jones & Bartlett learning, 2017.
- 8. Robert NT and Dennis JG. 2010. Plant Tissue Culture, Development, and Biotechnology. CRC Press.
- 9. Sambrook J and Russel D. 2001. Molecular Cloning a Laboratory Manual. 3rd Ed. Cold SpringHarbor Lab. Press.
- 10. Singh BD. 2005. Biotechnology, Expanding Horizons. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. Watson J. 2006. Recombinant DNA. Cold Spring harbor laboratory press.

Course Code	AGS524	AGS524						
Course Title	Mutagen	Mutagenesis and Mutation Breeding						
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: II radiobiole CO2: Eff level CO3: Cla on M1 an	CO3: Classification of chemical mutagens and effect of induced mutations on M1 and M2 generationsCO4: Knowledge of mutation in genomics, allele mining and TILLING and						
Examination Type	Theory +							
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	•					
Syllabus	Mutation mutations macro mu Detection paramuta Mutageni ionising a β particle Radiobio (photoele productio	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Mutation and its history, nature and classification of mutations: spontaneous and induced mutations, micro and macro mutations, pre and post adaptive mutations, Detection of mutations in lower and higher organisms, paramutations,CO1Mutagenic agents: physical, radiation types and sources, ionising and non-ionizing radiations viz., X rays, γ rays, α and β particles, protons, neutrons and UV rays, Radiobiology: mechanism of action of various radiations, (photoelectric absorption, Compton scattering and pair production) and their biological effects, RBE and LET					CO1	
	Effect of at DNA, the muta	elationships.					CO2	

chronic irradiation, recurrent irradiation, enhancement of thermal neutron effects, radiation sensitivity and modifying factors: external and internal sources- oxygen, water content, temperature and nuclear volume. Unit 3: (6 hours)	CO3
Chemical mutagens- classification, base analogues, antibiotics, alkylating agents, acridine dyes and other mutagens: their properties and mode of action, dose determination and factors influencing chemical mutagenesis, treatment methods using physical and chemical mutagens, combination treatments, other causes of mutation, direct and indirect action, comparative evaluation of physical and chemical mutagens. Observing mutagen effects in M1 generation: plant injury, lethality, sterility, chimeras etc., observing mutagen effects in M2 generation, estimation of mutagenic efficiency and effectiveness, spectrum of chlorophyll and viable mutations. Mutations in traits with continuous variation	
Unit 4: (6 hours) Factors influencing the mutant spectrum: genotype, type of mutagen and dose, pleiotropy and linkage etc individual plant based mutation analysis and working out effectiveness and efficiency in M3 generation - comparative evaluation of physical and chemical mutagens for creation of variability in the same species – case studies. Use of mutagens in creating oligogenic and polygenic variations, case studies, in vitro mutagenesis, callus and pollen irradiation, handling of segregating generations and selection procedures, validation of mutants, mutation breeding for various traits (disease resistance, insect resistance, quality improvement etc.) in different crops- procedures for micro mutations breeding /polygenic mutations. Achievements of mutation breeding- varieties released across the world- problems associated with mutation breeding. Use of mutagens in genomics, allele mining, TILLING.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Precautions on handling of mutagens; Dosimetry - studies of different mutagenic agents: physical mutagens and chemical mutagens; Learning on radioactivity; production of source and isotopes at BRIT; Trombay;	

Learning about gamma chamber; radiation hazards; monitoring, safety regulations and safe transportation of radioisotopes; Visit to radio isotope laboratory; learning on safe disposal of	
radioisotopes.	
Hazards due to chemical mutagens, treating the plant propagules at different doses of physical and chemical mutagens;	
Procedure in combined mutagenic treatments; Raising the crop for observation.	
Mutagenic effectiveness and efficiency; calculating the same	
from earlier literature.	
Study of M1 generation, parameters to be observed;	
Study of M2 generation, parameters to be observed;	
Mutation breeding in cereals and pulses; Achievements made and an analysis,	
Mutation breeding in oilseeds and cotton. Achievements and opportunities,	
Mutation breeding in forage crops and vegetatively propagated crops;	
Procedure for detection of mutations for polygenic traits in M2 and M3 generations.	

1. Alper T. 1979. Cellular Radiobiology. Cambridge Univ. Press, London.

2. Chadwick KH & Leenhouts HP. 1981. The Molecular Theory of Radiation Biology. Springer-Verlag.

3. Cotton RGH, Edkin E & Forrest S. 2000. Mutation Detection: A Practical Approach, Oxford Univ. Press, USA.

4. International Atomic Energy Agency. 1970. Manual on Mutation Breeding. International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Italy.

5. Singh BD. 2003. Genetics. Kalyani.

6. Strickberger MW. 2005. Genetics (III Ed). Prentice Hall

7. Q.Y. Shu, B.P. Forster, H. Nakagawa (Ed). 2012. Plant Mutation Breeding and Biotechnology. Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria

8. Manual on Mutation Breeding. 1977. 2nd edition. Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Atomic Energy in Food and Agriculture

Course Code	AGS525	AGS525A						
Course Title	Crop Bro	Crop Breeding- II (Rabi Crops)						
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24						
Credits	3							
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: Le breeding cereals CO2: Il objective <i>Rabi</i> puls CO3: U objective <i>Rabi</i> oilse CO4: De objective	 CO2: Illustrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>Rabi</i> pulses CO3: Understand origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement of <i>Rabi</i> oilseed crops CO4: Demonstrate origin, distribution, gene pools, genetics, breeding objectives, breeding approaches and recent advances in the improvement 						
Examination Type	Theory +	bre, fodder and spice cr Practical	ops					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical				•		
Syllabus	Wheat: chromos relations biotic approach biotic a released improve Oats: O number; Breedin abiotic introgres abiotic MAS us	Unit 1: (6 hours)CO1Wheat: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.Oats: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.Barley: Origin, evolution, center of origin, mode of						

ГГ		
	reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	
	Unit 2: (6 hours)	CO2
	Chickpea: Origin, evolution mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics- cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Other pulses: Lentil, field pea, Rajma, Horse gram: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics- cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement. Interspecific crosses attempted and its implications, reasonsfor failure, ways of overcoming them.	
		GOA
	Unit 3: (6 hours) Rapeseed and Mustard: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics – cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives; yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement of oil quality. Sunflower, Safflower: Origin, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics, cytogenetics and genome relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters, biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, heterosis breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.	CO3
	Unit 4: (6 hours) Mesta and minor fibre crops: Origin, mode of reproduction, chromosome number; Genetics–cytogenetics	CO4

required), biotic and abiotic stress resistance, released
varieties, examples of MAS used for improvement.
Forage crops: Origin, evolution mode of reproduction,
chromosome number; Genetics-cytogenetics and genome
relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters,
biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding
approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required),
biotic and abiotic stress resistance.
Seed spices: Origin, evolution, mode of reproduction,
chromosome number; Genetics- cytogenetics and genome
relationship; Breeding objectives: yield, quality characters,
biotic and abiotic stress resistance, etc., breeding
approaches, introgression of alien gene(s) (if required),
biotic and abiotic stress resistance, scope of heterosis
breeding, released varieties, examples of MAS used for
crop improvement.
Practical: (24 hours)
Floral biology, emasculation and pollination techniques in
wheat, oats, barley, chickpea, rajma, rapeseed mustard,
sunflower;
Study of range of variation for yield and yield components;
Study of segregating populations in cereal, pulses and
oilseed crops;
Use of descriptors for cataloguing; Learning on the crosses
between different species;
Trait based screening for stress resistance;
Learning on the Standard Evaluation System (SES) and
descriptors; Use of software for database management and retrieval.
Use of software for database management and fettieval.

- 1. Agarwal RL. 1996. Identifying Characteristics of Crop Varieties. Oxford & IBH.
- 2. Bahl PN & Salimath PM. 1996. Genetics, Cytogenetics and Breeding of Crop Plants. Vol. I. Pulses and Oilseeds. Oxford & IBH.

3. Chahal GS & Ghosal SS. 2002. Principles and Procedures of Plant Breeding - Biotechnological and Conventional Approaches. Narosa Publ.

- 4. Chopra VL. 1997. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- 5. Nath V & Lal C. 1995. Oilseeds in India. Westvill Publ. House.
- 6. Nigam J. 1996. Genetic Improvement of Oilseed Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Ram HH & Singh HG. 1993. Crop Breeding and Genetics. Kalyani.
- 8. Singh DP. 1991. Genetics and Breeding of Pulse Crops. Kalyani.
- 9. Singh HG, Mishra SN, Singh TB, Ram HH & Singh DP. (Eds.). 1994. Crop Breeding in India. International Book Distributing Co.

10. Smartt J. 1994. The Groundnut Crop - A Scientific Basis for Improvement. Chapman & Hall.

Course Code	AGS526	A							
Course Title	Breeding	Breeding for Quality and Special traits							
Hours	45 L:0,	5 L:0, T:0, P:6							
Credits	3								
Туре	Multi-Dis	Aulti-Disciplinary Course							
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: U biomolec	iomolecules							
	CO3: Lea CO4: Ill	CO2: Explain breeding method for quality improvement in field cropsCO3: Learn breeding strategies for quality improvement in milletsCO4: Illustrate breeding methodologies for improving quality traitssugarcane and potato							
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical							
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL		
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%		
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical							
Syllabus	Developr proteins, factors, breeding golden achievem basis of	CO1 Developmental biochemistry and genetics of carbohydrates, roteins, fats, vitamins, amino acids and anti-nutritional actors, nutritional improvement, a human perspective, reeding for grain quality parameters in rice and its analysis, olden rice and aromatic rice, breeding strategies, chievements and application in Indian context, molecular asis of quality traits and their manipulation in rice, post-arvest manipulation for quality improvement					CO1		
	Breeding considere cytogenet	Unit 2: (6 hours) Breeding for baking qualities in wheat, characters to be considered and breeding strategies, molecular and cytogenetic manipulation for quality improvement in wheat, breeding for quality improvement in barley and oats.					CO2		
	breeding for quality improvement in barley and oats.Unit 3: (6 hours)Breeding for quality improvement in Sorghum and pearl millet, quality protein maize, concept and breeding strategies, breeding for quality improvement in forage crops, genetic resource management for sustaining nutritive quality in crops.					CO3			

Unit 4: (9 hours) Breeding for quality in pulses, in groundnut, sesame, sunflower and minor oilseeds, molecular basis of fat formation and manipulation to achieve more PUFA in oil crops, genetic manipulation for quality improvement in cotton. Genetic engineering protocols for quality improvement, achievements made, value addition in crops, classification and importance, nutritional genomics and second generation transgenics.	CO4
Practical Grain quality evaluation in rice; correlating ageing and quality improvement in rice;	
Quality analysis in millets;	
Estimation of anti- nutritional factors like tannins in different varieties/hybrids; a comparison;	
Quality parameters evaluation in wheat;	
Quality parameters evaluation in pulses,	
Quality parameters evaluation in oilseeds;	
Value addition in crop plants;	
Post-harvest processing of major field crops;	
Quality improvement in crops through tissue culture techniques;	
Evaluating the available populations like RIL, NIL etc. for quality improvement using MAS procedures Successful example of application of MAS for quality trait in rice, mustard, maize, etc.	

- 1. Chahal GS & Ghosal SS. 2002. Principles and Procedures of Plant Breeding -Biotechnological and Conventional Approaches. Narosa Publ.
- 2. Chopra VL. 1997. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- 3. FAO 2001. Speciality Rices of the World Breeding, Production and Marketing. Oxford & IBH.
- 4. Ghosh P. 2004. Fibre Science and Technology. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Hay RK. 2006. Physiology of Crop Yield. 2nd Ed. Blackwell.
- 6. Nigam J. 1996. Genetic Improvement of Oilseed Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Singh BD. 2015. Plant Breeding. Kalyani.
- 8. Singh RK, Singh UK & Khush GS. 2000. Aromatic Rice. Oxford & IBH.

Course Code	AGS527A								
Course Title	Hybrid H	Hybrid Breeding							
Hours	48 L:24	48 L:24, T:0, P:24							
Credits	3								
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course							
Course Outcomes		On the completion of the course, the student will gain the follow knowledge and skills:							
	CO2: De CO3: Illu productio	CO1: Understand the concept of heterosis and its historical aspects CO2: Demonstrate the use of heterosis in hybrid seed production CO3: Illustrate the role of male sterility and self-incompatibility in hybri production CO4: Heterosis breeding in cereal and oilseed crops							
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical							
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL		
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%		
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical							
Syllabus	Historic of heter populati selfing asexuall physiolo	Unit 1: (6 hours) CO Historical aspect of heterosis, nomenclature and definitions of heterosis, heterosis in natural population and inbred population, evolutionary aspects, genetic consequences of selfing and crossing in self-and cross-pollinated and asexually propagated crops. Genetic basis of heterosis, physiological, biochemical and molecular factors							
	 underlining heterosis, evolutionary concepts of heterosis. Unit 2: (6 hours) Prediction of heterosis from various crosses, inbreeding depression, frequency of inbreeding and residual heterosis in F2 and segregating populations, importance of inbreeding in exploitation of heterosis, case studies, relationship between genetic distance and expression of heterosis, case studies. Divergence and genetic distance in predicting heterosis, development of heterotic pools in germplasm/genetic stocks and inbreds, their improvement for increasing heterosis. 						CO2		
	• -	6 hours) of male sterility and ance, transfer and rest				-	CO3		

male sterility, use of self-incompatibility in development of hybrids, hybrid seed production system: 3-line, 2-line and 1- line system, development of inbreds and parental lines- A, B and R lines- functional male sterility, commercial exploitation of heterosis- maintenance breeding of parental lines in hybrids.	
Unit 4: (6 hours) Fixation of heterosis in self, cross and often cross- pollinated crops, asexually/clonally propagated crops, male sterile line creation and diversification in self-pollinated, cross pollinated and asexually propagate crops, problems and prospects, apomixes in fixing heterosis-concept of single line hybrid. Organellar heterosis and complementation, creation of male sterility through genetic engineering and its exploitation in heterosis. Heterosis breeding in wheat, rice, cotton, maize, pearl millet, sorghum and oilseed crops.	CO4
 Practical: (24 hours) Selection indices and selection differential; calculations and interpretations; Male sterile line characterization in millets; using morphological descriptors; Restorer line identification and diversification of male sterile sources; Male sterile line creation in dicots comprising oilseeds, pulses and cotton; Problems in creation of CGMS system; ways of overcoming them; Male sterile line creation; diversification and restoration in forage crops; Understanding the difficulties in breeding apomicts; Estimation of heterotic parameters in self, cross and asexually propagated crops; Estimation from the various models for heterosis parameters; Hybrid seed production in field crops; an account on the released hybrids; their potential; problems and ways of overcoming it; Hybrid breeding at National and International level; opportunities ahead. 	

- 1. Abstracts of the Genetics and Exploitation of Heterosis in Crops An International Symposium CIMMYT.
- 2. Akin E. 1979. The Geometry of Population Genetics. Springer-Verlag.
- 3. Ben Hiu Lin. 1998. Statistical Genomics–Linkage, Mapping and QTL Analysis. CRC Press.
- 4. De Joung G. 1988. Population Genetics and Evolution. Springer-Verlag.
- 5. Hartl DL. 2000. A Primer of Population Genetics. 3rd Ed. Sinauer Assoc.
- 6. Mettler LE and Gregg TG. 1969. Population Genetics and Evolution. Prentice Hall.
- 7. Montgomery DC. 2001. Design and Analysis of Experiments. 5th Ed., Wiley & Sons.
- 8. Richards AJ. 1986. Plant Breeding Systems. George Allen & Unwin.
- 9. Srivastava S and Tyagi R. 1997. Selected Problems in Genetics. Vols. I, II. Anmol Publ.

Course Code	AGS528	AGS528A						
Course Title	Varietal	Development and Mai	intenan	ce Bree	ding			
Hours	36 L:12	, T:0, P:24						
Credits	2							
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the follow knowledge and skills:						
	CO2: De for variet CO3: Ille pulses	CO4: Illustrate quality seed production technology in oilseeds, fibre and						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical						
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical	·	·				
Syllabus	cultivar, independ variety,	3 hours) development and main extant variety, est dently derived variety, hybrid and population, tion systems in India and	sentially referen Variety	deriv ce varie testing,	ed va ety, farr	riety, ners'	CO1	
	Unit 2: (.	3 hours)					CO2	
	DUS testing- DUS Descriptors for major crops, Genetic purity concept and maintenance breeding. Factors responsible for genetic deterioration of varieties, safeguards during seed production, maintenance of varieties in self and cross-pollination crops, isolation distance, principles of seed production					ctors uards f and		
							CO3	

chickpea, fieldpea, lentil)	
Unit 4: (3 hours) Generation system of seed multiplication, nucleus, breeders, foundation, certified, quality seed production technology of self and cross-pollinated crop varieties <i>viz</i> . oilseeds (groundnut, soybean, sesame, castor, sunflower, safflower, linseed, rapeseed and mustard), fibres (cotton, jute) and forages (guar, forage sorghum, teosinte, oats, berseem, lucerne)., seed certification procedures, seed laws and plant variety protection regulations in India and international systems.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Identification of suitable areas/locations for seed production; Ear-to-row method and nucleus seed production, Main characteristics of released and notified varieties; hybrids and parental lines; Identification of important weeds/objectionable weeds; Determination of isolation distance and planting ratios in different crops; Seed production techniques of varieties in different crops; Hybrid seed production technology of important crops DUS testing and descriptors in major crops; Variety release proposal formats in different crops.	

- 1. Agarwal RL. 1997. Seed Technology. 2nd Ed. Oxford & IBH.
- 2. Chhabra AK. 2006. Practical Manual of Floral Biology of Crop Plants. Department of Plant Breeding. CCS HAU Hisar.
- 3. Kelly AF. 1988. Seed Production of Agricultural Crops. Longman.
- 4. McDonald MB Jr & Copeland LO. 1997. Seed Production: Principles and Practices. Chapman & Hall.
- 5. Musil AF. 1967. Identification of Crop and Weed Seeds. Handbook No. 219, USDA, Washington, DC.
- 6. Poehlman JM & Borthakur D. 1969. Breeding Asian Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Singh BD. 2015. Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani.
- 8. Thompson JR. 1979. An Introduction to Seed Technology. Leonard Hill.
- 9. Tunwar NS & Singh SV. 1985. Handbook of Cultivars. ICAR.

Course Code	AGS529A							
Course Title	Genetic e	enhancement for PGR	Utilizat	tion				
Hours	36 L:12,	T:0, P:24						
Credits	2							
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	Knowled	ompletion of the course, ge and skills: derstand the concept of			0		C	
	CO2: De in pre bre CO3: Illu and breed CO4: Cy	 CO1: Understand the concept of gene pool and pre breeding programme CO2: Demonstrate handling and maintenance of crop wild relatives for use in pre breeding CO3: Illustrate different screening techniques to identify resistant sources and breeding methods for trait transfer CO4: Cytological approaches for gene transfer and pre and post zygotic barriers in wide hybridization 						
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical						
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical						
Syllabus	breeding. and mai	3 hours) of gene pools; Intro Role of crop wild rela- naging variation, bas l pre-breeding program	tives, se sic con	mi exc	otics, cr	eating	CO1	
	Understar CWRs, impedim adjustme	Unit 2: (3 hours) Understanding crop adaptation, handling and maintenance of CWRs, synchronization of flowering, overcoming impediments to flowering through photoperiodic adjustments, role of other barriers to flowering, role of amphidiploids, semi exotic and other unadapted					CO2	
	for biotic nutritiona understar selection breeding	ng desirable traits in na	sistance s, ger of now ch for nsfer; n	traits; netic vel tra superio noving	screeni analysi its. Pa r geno the ge	ing of s to rental types, enes -	CO3	

its management, modern tools for incongruity management,	
Unit 4: (3 hours) Cytogenetical approaches for gene transfer such as alien addition and substitution, segregating populations and their management in wide crosses, purging the undesirable traits, testing and improving the adaptability of wide cross derivatives, cytological studies, florescence microscopy, embryo rescue methods, pollen physiology and storage, pollen storage methods to facilitate wide hybridization, pre- and post- zygotic barriers.	CO4
Practical: (24 hours) Characterization of CWRs by visiting the fields; Screening methods for special traits-biotic and abiotic resistance; Screening for nutritional traits; Crossability studies in CWRs of cereals, legumes, oilseeds, vegetables Assessment of pre and post-zygotic barriers in wide hybridization crosses; Pollen storage studies; Special requirements for growing CWRs, inducing flowering by manipulating day length, temperature, chemical spraying, etc.	

1. Andey Pereira. 2006. Plant Reverse Genetics, Methods and Protocols, Humana Press

2. Bisht et al. 2004. Broadening the genetic base of sesame (Sesamum indicum L.) through geneticenhancement. Plant Genetic Resources 2(3): 143–151.

3. Dale JW and von Schantz M. 2007. From genes to genomes. Concepts and applications of DNA technology. John Wiley & Sons Ltd., Chichester, England.

4. Duvick DN. 1990. Genetic enhancement and plant breeding. p. 90–96. In: J. Janick and J.E. Simon (eds.), Advances in new crops. Timber Press, Portland.

5. Goodman, RM. 2004. Encyclopedia of plant and crop science. Marcel Dekker Inc., Switzerland.

6. Kimber, G and Feldman, M. 1987. Wild Wheat: An introduction. Special report 353, College of Agriculture, University of Missouri-Columbia.

7. Lynch M. and Walsh B. 1998. Genetics and analysis of quantitative traits. Sinauer Associates Inc., MA, USA.

8. Murphy D. 2007. Plant breeding and biotechnology: Societal context and the future of agriculture. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.

9. Ram JS. 2010. Plant Cytogenetics. CRC Press.

10. Ramanatha Rao V, Brown AHD, Jackson M. 2001. Managing Plant Genetic Diversity. CABI publication.

11. Sharma S, Upadhyaya HD, Varshney RK, et al. 2013. Pre-breeding for diversification

of primary gene pool and genetic enhancement of grain legumes. Front. Plant Sci. 4: 309. 12. Yunbi Xu. 2010. Molecular plant breeding, CABI publishers

e- Resources

 $https://www.integratedbreedPlaning.net/pre-breeding-effective-use-plant-genetic-resources \ http://www.croptrust.org/$

http://www.bioversityinternational.org/training/training_materials/pre_breeding.htm http://www.grdc.com.au/director/research/prebreeding

Course Code	AGS501	AGS501						
Course Title	Library a	nd Information Services	6					
Hours	24 L:0, 7	F:1, P:2						
Credits	1							
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: To CO2: To indexing CO3: To CO4: To	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following nowledge and skills: CO1: To study about library, its role, classification and organization. CO2: To study about source of information, intricacies of abstracting and indexing services CO3: To study about tracing information from reference sources CO4: To study about use of Internet including search engines and its esources; e-resources access methods						
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	0	20%	0	30%	0	50%	0	
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical					
Syllabus	educa	4 hours) duction to library and its ttion, research and techn ns and organization of l	ology ti				CO1	
	 Unit 2: (6 hours) Sources of information- Primary Sources, Secondary Sources and Tertiary Sources; Intricacies of abstracting and indexing services (Science Citation Index, Biological Abstracts, Chemical Abstracts, CABI Abstracts, etc.) 					CO2		
	• Tracin surve Use	 Unit 3: (8 hours) Tracing information from reference sources; Literature survey; Citation techniques/Preparation of bibliography; Use of CD-ROM Databases, Online Public Access Catalogue and other computerized library services 					CO3	
		6 hours) of Internet including sear ources access methods.	rch engi	nes and	its reso	ources;	CO4	

Suggested Readings:

1. Wu Diana Yuhfen and Liu Mengxiong. 2001. Academic librarianship: changing roles in the digital age. Available at http://www.sssu.edu/ridwu/academic librarianship P&F. Accessed March 10, 2008

- 2. Library.2004. Encyclopedia Britannica premium service http://www.britannica.com/eb/ article eu=09616. Accessed March 10, 2008
- 3. Young, P.V. (1984). Scientific social survey and research. Rev. 4th Ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 4. https://guides.library.manoa.hawaii.edu/PlantPath/Books
- 5. https://unl.libguides.com/c.php?g=51695&p=334113
- 6. https://libraries.unl.edu/citation-tools

Course Code	AGS503	AGS503						
Course Title	Intellectu	al Property and its M	anagen	nent in A	Agricul	ture		
Hours	12 L:	12, T: 0, P: 0						
Credits	1							
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	Knowled CO1: Un CO2: Le context CO3: Le	 n the completion of the course, the student will gain the following nowledge and skills: O1: Understand the concept and historical aspects of IPRs O2: Learn the legislation for protection of intellectual properties in India ontext O3: Learn about the protection of biological materials O4: Aware of international treaties and licensing agreements 						
Examination Type	Theory +				00			
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%	
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical						
Syllabus	Intellectu provision	3 hours) l perspectives and new al Property Right reg s in TRIPS Agreemen al Property Rights (IPR	gime; 7 t; Intelle	FRIPs a ectual P	and va Property	rious and	CO1	
	Unit 2: (3 hours)Indian Legislations for the protection of various types ofIntellectual Properties; Fundamentals of patents, copyrights,geographical indications, designs and layout, trade secretsand traditional knowledge, trademarks, protection of plantvarieties and farmers' rights and bio- diversity protection.					ghts, crets plant	CO2	
	Unit 3: (.	3 hours)					CO3	
	Protectable subject matters, protection in biotechnology, protection of other biological materials, ownership and period of protection; National Biodiversity protection initiatives; Convention on Biological Diversity.							
	Agricultu	3 hours) onal Treaty on Plant Gen are; Licensing of tech nts, Research collabor	nologies	, Mate	rial tra	nsfer	CO4	

Agreement.	

- 1. Erbisch FH & Maredia K.1998. Intellectual Property Rights in Agricultural Biotechnology. CABI.
- 2. Ganguli P. 2001. Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing Knowledge Economy. McGraw Hill.
- 3. Intellectual Property Rights: Key to New Wealth Generation. 2001. NRDC & Aesthetic Technologies.

4. Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. 2004. State of Indian Farmer. Vol. V. echnology Generation and IPR Issues. Academic Foundation.

- 5. Rothschild M & Scott N. (Ed.). 2003. Intellectual Property Rights in Animal Breeding and Genetics. CABI.
- 6. Saha R. (Ed.). 2006. Intellectual Property Rights in NAM and Other Developing Countries: A Compendium on Law and Policies. Daya Publ. House.
- The Indian Acts Patents Act, 1970 and amendments; Design Act, 2000; Trademarks Act, 1999; The Copyright Act, 1957 and amendments; Layout Design Act, 2000; PPV and FR Act 2001, and Rules 2003; National Biological Diversity Act, 2003.

Course Code	AGS504	AGS504						
Course Title	Basic Co	ncepts in Laboratory Te	chniques	5				
Hours	24 L:0,	T:1, P:2						
Credits	2							
Туре	Multi-Dis	sciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowledg	ompletion of the course, ge and skills:			0		C	
	substance CO2: To solution CO3: To CO4: To	 CO1: To teach students about safety measures in lab, handing of chemic ubstances CO2: To teach students about handling, weighing and preparation of olution CO3: To teach students about use and handling of lab equipment CO4: To teach students about preparation of media and methods of terilization, seed viability testing 						
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	ctical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL	
Weightage	0	20%	0	30%	0	50%	0	
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical	I				
Syllabus	subst flasks	6 hours) y measures while in ances; Use of burettes, s, separatory funnel, ing, drying and steriliza	pipettes, conder	measur isers, i	ing cyl nicropi	inders,	CO1	
	 Unit 2: (6 hours) Drying of solvents/chemicals. Weighing and preparation of solutions of different strengths and their dilution Handling techniques of solutions; Preparation of different agro-chemical doses in field and pot applications 						CO2	
	 Unit 3: (6 hours) Preparation of solutions of acids; Neutralization of acid and bases; preparation of buffers of different strengths and pH values. Use and handling of microscope, laminar flow, vacuum pumps, viscometer, thermometer, magnetic stirrer, micro-ovens, incubators, sand bath, water bath, oil bath; Electric wiring and earthing 						CO3	
	 Electric wiring and earthing. Unit 4: (6 hours) Preparation of media and methods of sterilization; Seed viability testing, testing of pollen viability; Tissue culture of crop plants; Description of flowering plants in botanical terms in relation to taxonomy 					CO4		

Suggested Readings

- 1. Furr AK. 2000. CRC Hand Book of Laboratory Safety. CRC Press.
- Gabb MH and Latchem WE. 1968. A Handbook of Laboratory Solutions. Chemical Publ. Co.

Course Code	AGS505	AG8505							
Course Title	Agricult	Agricultural Research, Ethics and Rural Developmental Programmes							
Hours	12 L:	12 L: 12, T: 0, P: 0							
Credits	1								
Туре	Multi-Dis	ciplinary Course							
Course Outcomes		On the completion of the course, the student will gain the follow Knowledge and skills:							
	CO2: Lea CO3: Lea CO4: Ill	derstand the role of glo arn the role of Internation arn about rural develops ustrate the constraints and programmes	onal Agi ment po	ricultura licies an	l Resea d progr	arch Cer cammes	ntre		
Examination Type	Theory +	Practical							
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL		
Weightage	10%	0	0	20%	35%	30%	5%		
Examination Mode	Theory +	Practical							
Syllabus	system: security, National Regiona	of Agriculture in brief; need, scope, opportunit reducing poverty and Agricultural Resear Agricultural Researc n International Agricult	ies; Rol protectin ch Syst h Institu	e in pro ng the e tems (N utions; (moting nvironr NARS) Consult	food nent; and tative	CO1		
	Internati partnersl Agricult national scientific research	Jnit 2: (3 hours) International Agricultural Research Centres (IARC), partnership with NARS, role as a partner in the global Agricultural research system, strengthening capacities at national and regional levels; International fellowships for scientific mobility. Research ethics: research integrity, research safety in laboratories, welfare of animals used in research, computer ethics, standards and problems in							
	Unit 3: (Concept developi program Agricult		ategies. oment Pr ne, Spe	Rural o ogramn coial gro	develop ne, Inter oup –	ment nsive Area	CO3		

Programme (IRDP),	
Unit 4: (3 hours) Panchayati Raj Institutions, Co-operatives, Voluntary Agencies/Non-Governmental Organisations, Critical evaluation of rural development policies and programs. Constraints in implementation of rural policies and programs.	CO4

- 1. Bhalla GS & Singh G. 2001. Indian Agriculture Four Decades of Development. Sage Publ.
- 2. Punia MS. Manual on International Research and Research Ethics. CCS, Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar.
- 3. Rao BSV. 2007. Rural Development Strategies and Role of Institutions Issues, Innovations and Initiatives. Mittal Publ.
- 4. Singh K. 1998. Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management. Sage Publ.

Course Code	ENG551						
Course Title	Technical Writing and Communications Skills						
Hours	24 L:0,	24 L:0, T:0, P:2					
Credits	1	1					
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the followi knowledge and skills:						C
	and comr CO2: To citations CO3: To Skills - G	 CO1: To teach students about technical writing and various parts of thesis and communication. CO2: To teach students about writing of abstracts, summaries, précis, citations etc. CO3: To teach students about writing of a review article. Communication Skills - Grammar CO4: To teach students about accentual pattern 					
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	ctical				
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	0	20%	0	30%	0	50	0
Examination Mode	Practical	Practical					
Syllabus	Techi theses parts autho literat	 Unit 1: (6 hours) Technical Writing - Various forms of scientific writings- theses, technical papers, reviews, manuals, etc; Various parts of thesis and research communications (title page, authorship, contents page, preface, introduction, review of literature, material and methods, experimental results and discussion); 					CO1
	 Unit 2: (6 hours) Writing of abstracts, summaries, précis, citations etc.; commonly used abbreviations in the thesis and research communications; Illustrations, photographs and drawings with suitable captions; pagination, numbering of tables and illustrations; Writing of numbers and dates in scientific write-ups; Editing and proof-reading; Unit 3: (6 hours) Writing of a review article. Communication Skills - Grammar (Tenses, parts of speech, clauses, punctuation marks); Error analysis (Common errors); Concord; Collocation; Phonetic symbols and transcription; 					CO2	
						tuation	CO3
Unit 4: (6 hours)					CO4		

ns in connected speech: ion: Facing an interview;	1	•
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Suggested Readings:

- 1. Chicago Manual of Style. 14th Ed. 1996. Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Collins' Cobuild English Dictionary. 1995. Harper Collins.
- 3. Gordon HM & Walter JA. 1970. Technical Writing. 3rd Ed. Holt, Rinehart & Winston.
- 4. Gupta RH. 2010. Essentials of Communication. 7th Ed. Pragati Prakashan. Hornby AS. Comp. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English. 6th Ed. Oxford University Press.
- 5. James HS. 1994. Handbook for Technical Writing. NTC Business Books.
- 6. Joseph G. 2000. MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers. 5th Ed. Affiliated East West Press.
- 7. Mohan K. 2005. Speaking English Effectively. MacMillan India.
- 8. Richard WS. 1969. Technical Writing. Barnes & Noble.
- 9. Robert C. (Ed.). 2005. Spoken English: Flourish Your Language. Abhishek.
- 10. Sethi J & Dhamija PV. 2004. Course in Phonetics and Spoken English. 2nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India

Course Code	EVS658						
Course Title	Disaster Management						
Hours	12 L:1, T:0, P:0						
Credits	1	1					
Туре	Multi-Dis	Multi-Disciplinary Course					
Course Outcomes	knowledg CO1: To warming CO2: To pollution	CO2: To teach students about man-made disasters, different type pollution					und global
	CO3: To teach students about disaster management CO4: To teach students about Community-based organizations and armed forces in Disaster response						and armed
Examination Type	Theory/ I	Theory/ Practical/ Theory + Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	10%	25%	0	50%	0	5%
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Theory/ Practical/ Theory + Practical					
Syllabus	• Natura their Earthc Heat a	 Unit 1: (3 hours) Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects. Floods, Drought, Cyclone, Earthquakes, Landslides, Avalanches, Volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold Waves, Climatic Change: Global warming, Sea Level rise, Ozone Depletion. 					CO1
	 Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire. Oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, Industrial wastewater pollution, road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents Unit 3: (3 hours) Disaster Management- Efforts to mitigate natural disasters at national and global levels. International Strategy for Disaster reduction. Concept of disaster management, national disaster management framework; financial arrangements; role of NGOs 					CO2	
						CO3	
						CO4	

Suggested Readings

1. Gupta HK. 2003. Disaster Management. Indian National Science Academy. Orient Blackswan.

- 2. Hodgkinson PE & Stewart M. 1991. Coping with Catastrophe: A Handbook of Disaster Management. Routledge.
- 3. Sharma VK. 2001. Disaster Management. National Centre for Disaster Management, India.

Course Code	MTH670						
Course Title	Statistical Methods for Applied Sciences						
Hours	60 L:3, T:0, P:1						
Credits	4						
Туре	Multi-Disciplinary Course						
Course Outcomes	knowleds CO1: To classifica CO2: To of dispers CO3: To CO4: To	On the completion of the course, the student will gain the following knowledge and skills: CO1: To teach students about different statistical methods and classifications CO2: To teach students about measures of central tendency and measure of dispersion CO3: To teach students about theory of probability CO4: To teach students about different distributions, their applications					
Examination Type		and statistical tests Theory/ Practical/ Theory + Practical					
Assessment Tools	Written Quiz	Assignment/Project Work	MSE	MSP	ESE	ESP	ABL/PBL
Weightage	10%	0	25%	0	35%	25%	5%
Examination Mode	Theory/ I	Practical/ Theory + Prac	tical	L	I		
Syllabus	• Classi data.	 Unit 1: (9 hours) Classification, tabulation and graphical, representation of data. Box-plot, Descriptive statistics. Exploratory data analysis 					C01
	 Measures of central tendency- Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean. Measures of Dispersion- Range, Quartile deviation, Mean deviation, Standard deviation Unit 3: (9 hours) Theory of probability. Random variable and mathematical expectation. Discrete and continuous probability distributions. Correlation and regression 					CO2	
						CO3	
						CO4	

Practical (24 hours)	
Exploratory data analysis, Box-Cox plots; Fitting of	
distributions ~ Binomial, Poisson, Negative Binomial, Normal;	
Large sample tests, testing of hypothesis based on exact	
sampling distributions-chi square, t and F; Confidence interval	
estimation and point estimation of parameters of binomial,	
Poisson and Normal distribution; Correlation and regression	
analysis, fitting of orthogonal polynomial regression;	
applications of dimensionality reduction and discriminant	
function analysis; Nonparametric tests.	

Suggested Readings

- 1. Anderson TW. 1958. An Introduction to Multivariate Statistical Analysis. John Wiley.
- 2. Goon AM, Gupta MK & Dasgupta B. 1977. An Outline of Statistical Theory. Vol. I
- 3. Goon AM, Gupta MK & Dasgupta B. 1983. Fundamentals of Statistics. Vol. I.
- 4. Hoel PG. 1971. Introduction to Mathematical Statistics. John Wiley.